



**DUFOUR**  
YACHTS

# OWNER'S MANUAL



**YACHT DESIGN CATEGORY: A**

IN ACCORDANCE WITH EUROPEAN DIRECTIVE 2013/53/EU

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**Your agent:**

**Name**

is **DUFOUR YACHTS'** representative and will give you all the help you need to solve any difficulties you might have during launching and masting of your boat, as well as for commissioning and maintenance technical checks. If necessary, he will help you with the administrative process of registering your boat.

As soon as you become the owner, familiarize yourself with the manual supplied with your boat, sign and date the receipt acknowledgements below, and give (or send) the last one to your agent.

**Acknowledgement of receipt of the Owner's Manual. Owner's copy to be kept in your Manual**

I, the undersigned:  
Name  
Address

owner of DUF0UR 520 no.

confirm that I have received the DUF0UR 520 Owner's Manual and accept its being written in the English language.

Dated:

Signature:

Detach along dotted line



**Owner's Manual receipt acknowledgement to be returned to DUF0UR YACHTS**  
*11, Rue Blaise Pascal- 17187 PERIGNY CEDEX- FRANCE*

I, the undersigned:  
Name  
Address

owner of DUF0UR 520 no.

confirm that I have received the DUF0UR 520 Owner's Manual and accept its being written in the English language.

Dated:

Signature:

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# INTRODUCTION

**DUFOUR YACHTS** is pleased to present you with this Manual which will help you get to know your boat better.

This Manual has been produced to help you use your boat safely and enjoyably. It contains details of the boat, the equipment supplied or fitted, its systems and information about their use. Read it carefully and familiarize yourself with the boat before using it.

This Owner's Manual is not a course in sailing safety or seamanship. If this is your first boat, or you are changing to a type of boat you are unfamiliar with, for your convenience and safety, make sure you gain experience handling and using it before taking command. Your agent, your national sailing or cruising federation or your yacht club will be happy to give you information about sailing schools or qualified instructors in your area.

Ensure that forecast wind and sea conditions correspond to the design category of your boat, and that you and your crew are capable of handling the boat in these conditions. Even when your boat is suitable for them, the sea and wind conditions corresponding to design categories A, B, and C vary from severe storm for category A to severe conditions for the top end of category C, subject to dangers of abnormal gusts or waves; these are dangerous conditions in which only an experienced, trained crew in good condition, sailing a properly-maintained boat, can sail in a satisfactory manner.

This Owner's Manual is not a detailed maintenance or repair guide. In the event of problems, consult the boatbuilder or their representative. If a maintenance manual is provided, be sure to use it.

Always employ the services of an experienced professional for maintenance, fitting accessories, or modifications. Modifications that could affect the characteristics of the boat must be assessed, performed and documented by qualified personnel. The boatbuilder cannot be held responsible for modifications made without their approval.

In certain countries, a skipper's license or some form of authorization is required, or special rules and regulations are applicable.

Always maintain your boat correctly and make allowance for deterioration due to age or resulting, where applicable, from heavy or unsuitable use. Any boat, however sturdy it is, can be severely damaged if it is used incorrectly. This is incompatible with safe sailing. Always suit your speed and heading to the prevailing sea conditions.

If your boat is equipped with a life-raft, read its instruction manual carefully. The crew must have on board all the safety equipment (life-jackets, harnesses, etc.) corresponding to the type of boat, weather conditions, etc. In some countries, this equipment is mandatory. The crew must be familiarized with the use of all the safety equipment and with emergency safety procedures (man overboard recovery, towing, etc.); training sessions are regularly organized by sailing schools and clubs.

It is recommended that all persons wear appropriate buoyancy aids (life-jackets, personal flotation devices) when on deck. It should be noted that in certain countries, it is compulsory to wear a buoyancy aid (complying with national regulations) at all times.

**KEEP THIS MANUAL IN A SAFE PLACE AND PASS IT ON TO THE NEW OWNER IF YOU SELL THE BOAT.**

***NOTICE:*** *Our boats are regularly improved in the light of our customers' experiences and researched by the shipyard, and so the specifications given in this Owner's Manual are not contractually binding and may be changed without notice and without any obligation to update. This manual is intended to cover as much information as possible, so certain equipment or paragraphs might not apply to your boat. In case of doubt, please refer to the inventory which should have been given to you by your agent when you placed your order.*

# I. GENERAL INFORMATION

## *Design category*

Your DUF40UR 520 comes under the **OCEAN-GOING** design category A.

Under conditions of normal use, your boat is designed to sail in waves with a significant height exceeding 4 m and winds of force 8 or above on the Beaufort scale, and to withstand the severest conditions.

This sailing capability is equally dependent on the skills of the crew, their physical capacities, the maintenance of the boat and its equipment.

**So always take care before putting to sea.**

DUF40UR YACHTS is not able to guarantee perfect functioning of the boat in exceptional sea conditions (violent storms, hurricanes, cyclones, waterspouts, etc.)

## SUMMARY OF DESIGN CATEGORIES

Design category	Type of sailing	Wind strength (Beaufort)	Wind speed	Effective height of wave to be taken into account
A	Ocean-going	Above 8	Up to 28 m/s	Higher than 4 m
B	Open sea	Up to 8	Up to 21 m/s	Up to 4 m
C	Inshore	Up to 6	Up to 17 m/s	Up to 4 m
D	Sheltered waters	Up to 4	Up to 13 m/s	Up to 0.5 m

Check weather information before putting to sea: **Take to the sea, don't take risks!**

In port: every day, the Harbor Master's Office posts weather bulletins and forecasts over the next few days.

Météo France on 0836 68 08 08

Navifax - direct on 0836 70 18 52

VHF: CROSS transmit several bulletins per day, preceded by an announcement on Channel 16.

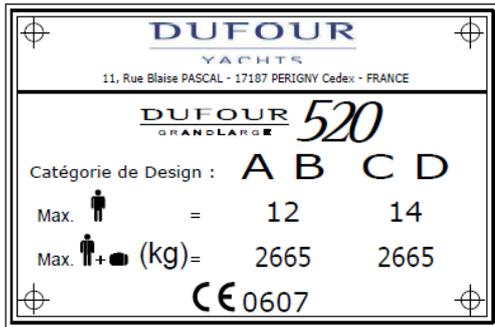
## *Certification*

DUF40UR YACHTS has chosen the Institut pour la Certification et la Normalisation dans le Nautisme as the notified body for verifying that your boat complies with European directive CE 94/25, in accordance with module B.

## *Identification*

The hull identification number is located on starboard side of transom. It contains a series of letters and numbers that begin with FR-DUF...

## Builder's plate



Part of this information is given on the builder's plate attached to the boat. A full explanation of this information is given below.

Design category = **A**

: Ocean-going (see 1.1)

Maximum number of people:

: Recommended by the builder for navigation in sea conditions for category for which it was built.



Category A = **12**  
 Category B = **12**  
 Category C = **14**  
 Category D = **14**

### WARNING

Do not exceed the maximum recommended number of people. However many people there are aboard, the total weight of the people and equipment must never exceed the maximum recommended loading.

Recommended max. load:

: recommended by the manufacturer including the weight of all persons aboard, provisions and personal belongings, and all equipment not included in the boat's light displacement, excluding the contents of the tanks.



Category A = **2,665kg**  
 Category B = **2,665 kg**  
 Category C = **2,665 kg**  
 Category D = **2,665 kg**

### WARNING

When loading the boat, never exceed the recommended maximum load. Always load the boat carefully and distribute the weight in a suitable manner in order to maintain the theoretical trim (approximately horizontal). Avoid placing heavy loads high up.

**CE 0607**

: CE mark indicating that the boat complies with all the requirements of the Directive. The sequence of digits is the code for the Certifying Body. In this case, it is ICNN (Institut pour la Certification de la Normalisation dans le Nautisme), (see also: Safety Compliance Declaration).

## Degrees of danger

<b>DANGER</b>	Indicates an extreme intrinsic risk that presents a high probability of death or permanent injury if proper precautions are not taken.
<b>WARNING</b>	Indicates a risk that presents a high probability of death or permanent injury if proper precautions are not taken.

**NOTE**

Indicates a reminder about safety-related practices, or points out dangerous practices that could result in personal injury or damage to the boat or its components, or to the environment.

## II. PRINCIPAL SPECIFICATIONS

	Model:	<b>DUFOUR 520 Grand Large</b>
	Boatbuilder	Dufour Yachts 11, Rue Blaise Pascal 17187 Périgny cedex FRANCE
	Designer:	Umberto Felci
	Interior design	DUFOUR Design
	Design category	A
	Notified body no.	CE/0607
	Engine #	
	Primary means of propulsion	Sail
L <sub>max</sub>	LOA *	15.55 m
L <sub>H</sub>	Hull length *	14.75 m
B <sub>max</sub>	Maximum beam *	4.78 m
B <sub>H</sub>	Hull beam *	4.78 m
H <sub>A</sub>	Mast height clearance *	21.40 m
T <sub>max</sub>	Draft deep keel *	2.30 m
	Deep keel weight	4,042 kg
	Draft shallow keel	2.00 m
	Shallow keel ballast weight	4,220 kg
	Standard mainsail area (approximate)	48 m <sup>2</sup>
	Genoa area (approximate)	52 m <sup>2</sup>
	Maximum permissible on-board engine power	110 HP / 81 kW
	Water capacity excl. 40L (appx.) water heater	680 L
	Diesel capacity (approximate)	450 L
	Holding tank	150 L
	Engine battery	140 Ah
	Auxiliary battery (2 standard + 2 optional)	280 Ah + (+280 Ah as an optional extra)
M <sub>LC</sub>	Light displacement	15,245 kg
M <sub>MO</sub>	Minimum condition displacement	15,232 kg
M <sub>L</sub>	Maximum loading	3,760 kg
	Total weight of liquids (all tanks full)	1,095 kg
M <sub>LDC</sub>	Displacement with maximum load	19,005 kg

\*The above dimensions are in accordance with ISO 8866, specifically:

L<sub>max</sub>: maximum length of the vessel including normally fixed parts such as roller chocks, balconies, etc.

L<sub>H</sub>: maximum length of the vessel including structural elements that are an integral part of the vessel, and excluding removable parts.

B<sub>max</sub>: breadth of the vessel measured between the outermost portions and may include detachable parts such as top rails, railings, etc.

$B_H$ : vessel width measured between the outermost fixed portions and excluding all removable parts

$H_A$ : vertical distance between the water plane in the lightship condition and the highest point of the mast structure. (This does not take into account equipment such as lights and antennas that can be attached to the masthead)

$T_{max}$ : the maximum draft is measured at the lowest points of ballast on board the vessel

$M_L$ : The Maximum Load is the sum of the maximum recommended load and the total mass of the various liquids (potable or not).

*Nota bene: due to the trim and loading of the boat, is it not usually possible to use the whole of the various tank capacities for fresh water and diesel. You are recommended to maintain a diesel reserve of 20%.*

### **Specific information**

This vessel has been assessed with the help of the Stability Index (STIX), a measure of overall safety with regard to stability, which takes into account the effects of the length of the vessel, its displacement, the proportions of the hull, the stability characteristics and the resistance to flooding.

The maximum total load is the sum of the maximum recommended load and the total mass of the various liquids.

The second index (AVS, angle of vanishing stability) represents the heel angle at which stability is lost, in degrees.

	Minimum operating condition ( $M_{MO}$ )	Arrival condition ( $M_{LA}$ )
<b>STIX</b>	45,8	40,4
<b>AVS</b>	116,5°	112,1°

### III. ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

#### *Safety and operating instructions for the electrical system*

##### **WARNING**

Improper use of the DC and/or AC systems may give rise to fire or explosion hazards.  
Improper use of the AC systems may give rise to electric shock hazards.

##### **Always:**

- Check the condition of the batteries (charge and electrolyte level) and the charging system before putting to sea.
- Disconnect and remove batteries for wintering.
- Do not let battery voltage drop below 10.5 V during wintering.
- Carry spare lamps for all navigation lights and interior lighting. Respect power ratings, particularly for navigation lights.
- Check operation of the navigational instruments.
- Check operation of navigation lights before night sailings.

##### **You must never:**

- Work on an electrical installation that is live.
- Make any modification to an installation and the relevant diagrams, unless it is carried out by an electrician qualified in marine electrical work.
- Change or modify the breaking capacity of overload protection devices.
- Replace electrical apparatus or equipment with units exceeding the rated capacity without upgrading wiring and protection.
- Leave the boat unattended when the electrical installation is powered, with the exception when applicable of the automatic bilge pump and the fire or theft protection circuits.

If a fuse or circuit-breaker blows continually, you should consult a specialist to determine the cause of the short-circuit.

#### *Fitting new equipment*

Since January 1<sup>st</sup> 1996, electrical equipment is subject to the European “electromagnetic compatibility” directive (Ref 89/336/CEE). It is therefore necessary for any new equipment that you may wish to install to meet the requirements of this standard and bear the CE mark. Equipment must also be supplied with a compliance certificate and instructions for use.

In the case of 220 or 110 V installations, use only double-insulated or earthed equipment. When such equipment is being installed, respect the fitting instructions (conductor size, protection).

To avoid maintenance problems, make sure that any modifications that may be made to the electrical circuit are recorded in writing in the manual.

## ***Batteries***

The battery system comprises 2 140 Ah auxiliary battery (standard) (and 2 additional 140 Ah batteries as an option) and one 140 Ah battery for starting the engine.

Their capacities have been designed to handle the power requirements of the on-board accessories. To avoid any problems, it is necessary to keep a close eye on the maintenance and correct charging of the batteries.

### **ATTENTION!**

- When installing new electrical appliances, take care that the total consumption of these appliances remains within the capacity of your batteries.
- Always disconnect the negative (-) battery terminal before the positive (+) terminal.
- Never allow a conductive object (tools, etc.) to bridge across the two battery terminals
- When handling batteries, keep them horizontal to avoid spillage of electrolyte. Wear gloves and protective clothing that will prevent any risk of contact with electrolyte in the event of a leak.
- If any electrolyte comes in contact with skin, eyes, etc., rinse the affected part of the body thoroughly and consult a doctor.

## ***Electric windlass***

### **ATTENTION!**

It is essential to run the engine with the throttle slightly open when using the electric windlass.

## 220 / 110 volt installation (ISO 13297: 2000)

### **DANGER!**

The on-board 220 V installation is protected by a circuit breaker and fitted with a residual current device. The wiring of additional 220 V on-board accessories must be carried out by professionals, and the master circuit-breaker updated if necessary.

- Do not make any modification to the installation or the related diagrams. Installation, maintenance, and any modifications must be carried out by a qualified marine electrician. Have the system checked every 2 years.
- Disconnect the boat's power supply when system is not in use.
- Connect the metal cases or housings of installed electrical equipment to the ship's protective conductor (green or green / yellow wire).
- Use double-insulated or earthed electrical appliances.
- The differential circuit breaker should be tested every month if possible

### **ATTENTION!**

when the boat is moored at the quayside, set the isolator to the 'off' position.

### **DANGER!**

Your boat is not supplied with a shore/boat supply cable or a male plug for the shore outlet. The cable must be suitable for outdoor use. Its cross-sectional area must be adjusted according to its length and the rating of the main circuit-breaker (see electrical diagram). The plug must be suitable for the socket on the shore (if necessary, seek the advice of a professional). It should be as close as possible to the **IP 67 / IEC529** type

**NOTICE:** In order to minimize the risk of electric shock or fire.

- Switch off the shore supply at the on-board isolator before connecting or disconnecting the shore/boat supply cable.
- Connect the shore/boat supply cable at the boat end before connecting it to the shore outlet
- Disconnect the shore/boat supply cable at the shore outlet before disconnecting it at the boat end
- Close the shore outlet cover properly

#### **You must never:**

- Do not make modifications to the shore supply cable; use only compatible connectors.
- Go swimming close to a boat connected to a shore supply socket: danger of electrocution!

Location of the 220 V master circuit-breaker: starboard cockpit locker.

Have the system checked every 2 years.

During haul-out maintenance, set to the 'on' position in order to have **earth [grounding] protection** via the shore socket.

### **WARNING**

Never let the end of a ship/shore supply cable dangle into the water. It may create an electrical field that could injure or kill nearby swimmers.

## IV. GAS INSTALLATION

### *Generalities*

- Operating pressure: 30 mbar (see indications on gas cylinder locker and on regulator valve)
- Ventilation openings to be used for evacuating burned gas fumes: opening hatch above the cooker and the companionway door
- Do not obstruct quick access to the elements of the gas installation (cylinder locker, shut-off valve).
- Flexible hoses must be checked on a regular basis, at least once a year and replaced if damaged, if the expiry date marked on the hose is passed, or five years after the date of manufacture marked on the hose.
- Valves on empty cylinders must be closed and disconnected. Keep protective devices, hoods and stoppers in place. Spare cylinders should be stored in ventilated LPG lockers or stored outside of the boat, protected from bad weather and mechanical damage, allowing leaked gas to escape to the outside of the boat.
- Do not use the LPG cylinder locker to store other equipment.
- Ensure that the gas cylinder and regulator are in accordance with the requirements of the cooker (flow rate, pressure, type of gas) and with the regulations in force in the country where it is being used.

### *Operating the LPG system*

- Supply line valves and cylinder valves should be closed when appliances are not in use, before filling and immediately in case of emergency.
- Appliance gas taps should be closed before opening the valve on the cylinder.

#### **WARNING**

• Fuel-burning naked-flame appliances use up the oxygen in the cabin and release combustion products inside the vessel. Proper ventilation is necessary: Open the deck hatch or porthole located nearby as well as the companionway when the devices are in operation.

- The stove is mounted on gimbals and may be used while navigating. However, do not use when there is a likelihood of large roll angles or a constant list.

### *Checking the system*

- Check the LPG system for leaks before each use as follows:
- Close all valves on appliances, open the valve on the LPG cylinder, allow the pressure to stabilize on the pressure gauge, close the valve on the LPG cylinder, watch the pressure on the pressure gauge located near the cylinder for three minutes. If the pressure remains constant on the pressure gauge, there is no leak in the system.
- Information: The pressure gauge does not indicate the amount of LPG liquid remaining in the cylinder, only the gas pressure which is constant at a given temperature.

- If you detect or suspect an LPG leak, immediately proceed as follows:
- Close the main supply valve(s).
- Extinguish open flames and other sources of ignition (heaters, cooking appliances, pilot lights, etc.)
- Do not operate electric switches.
- Evacuate the area if possible.

#### **WARNING**

- Do not use a system with a leak until it has been inspected and repaired by a qualified professional.

#### **DANGER!**

Never use a flame to look for leaks.

- NB: The above tests cannot replace regular recommended checks by a qualified professional.

### *Safety warnings*

#### **WARNING**

- Never leave the boat unattended when operating fuel-burning, open flame appliances.
- Do not smoke or use an open flame while the LPG gas cylinder is being replaced. Close the valve on the empty LPG cylinder before disconnecting it for replacement. Ventilate the gas cylinder compartment well when loading the cylinder.
- Do not use the stove as a heating device.
- If you detect a leak, close the main LPG supply valve and do not use appliances that operate with LPG.
- After the boat has been shut up, never smoke when going below, and ensure that there is no smell of gas.
- Do not make any modification to the boat's LPG system. Installation, modifications and maintenance should be done by a qualified professional. Have the system checked on a regular basis or according to national requirements.

#### **ATTENTION!**

- Certain precautions must be taken to avoid any contact with naked flames or other hot areas.
- Do not use solutions containing ammonia when manually checking for leaks.

## V. DRAIN & SANITATION SYSTEM

### *Drainage system characteristics(ISO 15083: 2003)*

Pump type	Theoretical flow rate
Manual	38 L @ 45 strokes/minute
12V Electrical	2000 L / h

Read the operating and maintenance instructions for your boat's bilge pump carefully.

#### **WARNING**

The bilge pump system is not designed to handle water entering as a result of holing of the hull. It is intended to remove water coming from spray, leaks from seacocks or other moderate leaks.

#### **ATTENTION!**

- The level of water in the bilge must be kept to a minimum.
- Make sure that bilge pumps are in working order before putting to sea.
- Regularly remove any debris that might obstruct the sump well and the pump intake points or strainers.

If the watertight bulkheads that isolate the fore- and after-peaks are fitted with valves, they should normally be kept closed and should be opened only in order to drain the water into the main bilge.

- Know where to find each hand pump and its handle
- Locate the switch for the electric bilge pump on the electrical panel.

### *Pressurized fresh-water pump*

Fresh water is supplied to the sink and washbasins by an electric pump. A filter is installed upstream of the pump, and must be cleaned regularly.

**Never allow the pump to run if the tank is empty. Refill the tank before using the water supply again.**

The tanks can be sterilized using Clonazone® tablets (available from pharmacies). Every year, remove the inspection covers and clean them by filling with water containing a bactericidal detergent; leave it to act for a few hours, then rinse two or three times. During wintering, fill the tanks up completely to avoid the development of algæ or bacteria, or if there is a risk of freezing, empty the tanks; never use anti-freeze.

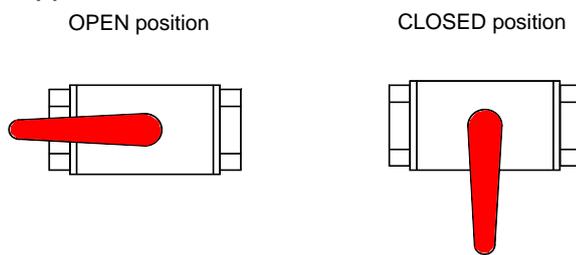
Hot water is produced by a water-heater connected to the engine cooling circuit and the shore electric supply.

After the water-heater has been emptied, make sure that the element is covered before power is re-applied.

## Seacocks

Seacocks are of the ¼-turn type:

- OPEN position: handle in line with seacock body,
- CLOSED position: handle perpendicular to seacock body.



### ATTENTION!

- Never interfere with the tightening of the seacocks to the hull. In the event of a leak, consult a professional.
- In bad weather or when leaving your boat, close all the sanitation system seacocks.
- Keep seacocks closed when not being used.
- During wintering, clean and rinse the seacocks and skin-fittings. Inspect brass fittings; slight surface corrosion is normal.
- In the event of more serious corrosion, consult your agent.

## Operation of the sea toilets

- Open the sea water inlet seacock.
  - Open the bowl emptying sea-cock.
  - Set the lever to the “FLUSH” position.
  - Operate the pump.
  - To empty the bowl and avoid any water slopping when heeling, set the lever to the “DRY BOWL” position.
  - Operate the pump until the bowl is dry.
  - Repeat these flushing / emptying operations as many times as is necessary to ensure complete emptying of the pipes.
- When toilets are not being used, set the lever to the «DRY BOWL» position, or the «CLEF» position for certain models.
- **Close seacocks after use, as the toilet is below the waterline.**
  - Change the toilet seals regularly.

## Holding tank operation (ISO 8099:2000)

### ATTENTION!

Where a holding tank is fitted, take care to lock the discharge valve, to avoid any accidental discharge during wintering.

- The (50L) sewage tank operates using the manual toilet pump.
  - The contents of the toilet pan are discharged straight into the holding tank;
  - Periodically check that the vent is working properly.
  - A deck plate is provided for emptying the tank
  - The discharge valve can be sealed in the closed position using a padlock.
  - Once a season, arrange to clean out the tank using a biodegradable disinfectant chemical.
- Leave the system empty if the vessel is to be left in below-freezing temperatures

## VI. FLOODING

To avoid the risk of flooding the boat:

- Before putting to sea, always check that portholes, deck hatches and any other openings that could allow flooding are shut.
- While under way, close all seacocks when they are not in use, except for the engine water intake.
- Do not exceed the maximum recommended loading.
- The level of water in the bilges must be kept to a minimum.
- Avoid adding weight in high places so as not to affect the stability

Periodically check:

- Skin fittings, seacocks and pipes are watertight
- Proper emptying of the cockpit drains.
- Stern glands or sail-drive seals for watertightness.

### **WARNING**

Cockpit locker lids must be fastened shut before putting to sea. This is particularly important for those lockers that represent a major flooding risk.

## VII. FIRE PROTECTION

### *Installation*

Since fire extinguishers are subject to national regulations, they are not supplied with the boat.

However, when in use this boat must be fitted with portable extinguishers with the following capacities installed in the following locations (see drawing in Appendix 15):

- No. 1 - Galley - capacity 1 kg - 5A34B
- No. 2 – Saloon banquette (port side) - capacity 1 kg - 5A34B
- No. 3 – cockpit locker, within reach of the helmsman - capacity 1 kg - 5A34B

If you decide to install a carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) extinguisher, be aware that it may only be fitted in accommodation areas that contain powered electrical equipment (e.g. electric motors, battery compartments, electrical panels) or flammable liquids (e.g. galley).

Only compatible replacement parts must be used in fire protection system. They must bear the same markings and be technically equivalent.

In addition, a fire blanket – particularly useful in the event of a stove fire involving oil – should be stowed close to the galley (e.g. Saloon banquette).

Similarly, to protect the bridge, a fire bucket with a side board should be stored in a safe, readily accessible locker.

If non-combustible materials are stored in the engine compartment, they must be secured to avoid the risk of falling onto the machinery and must not obstruct access to the engine compartment or its exit.

## **WARNING**

If a CO<sub>2</sub> extinguisher is fitted, the following information must be displayed close to its location:

***"This extinguisher contains CO<sub>2</sub> - use only on electrical or cooker fires. To avoid suffocation after discharging, leave the area immediately. Ventilate before re-entering."***

Do not open the engine compartment immediately after putting out a fire, to avoid the release of toxic smoke or spraying of burning materials

## ***Safety instructions***

### **ATTENTION!**

It is the responsibility of the owner / skipper to:

- Have fire-fighting equipment checked in accordance with the stipulations of the builder and the regulations in your country.
- Replace fire-fighting equipment if it has expired or been discharged, with extinguishers of equal or greater capacity.
- Show members of the crew:
  - The location and operation of fire-fighting equipment
  - the location of the engine compartment discharge hole
- Ensure that fire-fighting equipment is readily accessible whenever the boat is occupied.
- Always keep the bilges clean and check that there is no fuel vapor or gas.
- to indicate the escape routes

### **You must never:**

- Obstruct gangways to emergency exits (deck hatches)
- Obstruct safety controls (gas valves, fuel valves, electrical switches.)
- Obstruct fire extinguisher stowages.
- Leave the boat unattended with a cooker or heater on.
- Use a gas lamp in the boat
- Fill a fuel tank or change a gas cylinder while the engine is running, or the cooker or heater are on.
- Smoke while handling fuel or gas.
- Place free-hanging curtains near the cooker or any other appliance using an open flame.
- Store flammable substances in the engine compartment
- Modify, or allow any non-qualified person to modify, any of the boat's installations (especially electrical, fuel, or gas).

## VIII. ENGINE

Regular maintenance must be carried out in accordance with the engine manufacturer's recommendations. Read carefully the engine operating instructions that come with the boat. Do not hesitate to consult your agent or a qualified professional. In particular, follow the instructions for wintering.

### **General precautions**

#### **ATTENTION!**

Do not use sail and engine if the heel angle is more than 10°.

Any engine change must respect the capacities of the boat and be performed by an engineer specializing in marine mechanics.

After first launching and tensioning of rigging, check the alignment of the propeller shaft or the sail-drive flange ring.

- Make sure that ventilation openings (vents, engine air intake grating) are completely clear.
- Make sure that the water intake seacock for the cooling system is open, and that water is indeed coming out of the engine exhaust.
- Boats fitted with rotating seal stern gland: bleed the air from the gland after each launch.
- Make sure that fuel lines are in good condition.
- Do not store equipment that contains petrol (outboard motor, tank, gas generator, etc..) in compartments that are not intended for this purpose.

Put the throttle in neutral before starting the engine to keep the boat from moving and/or the propeller from turning.

On subsequent launches, a brief check of propeller fixing can be made. Incorrect operation of the folding propeller will lead to vibration

Regularly check the condition of the anodes and ensure that they are suitable for the boat's environment (fresh water, salt water). Change the anodes every year. The 3 anodes have an average life of 1–2 years.

These anodes are made of zinc. It is essential not to use magnesium ones. Impressed current cathodic protection systems should not be used.

If the anodes are not eroded, you need to check:

- that they have not been painted over,
- that they are correctly fixed and in contact with the hull,
- and that they are indeed made of zinc

### **Exhaust gas emission**

#### **DANGER!**

Internal combustion engines produce carbon monoxide. Prolonged exposure to exhaust gasses can have serious consequences, and may even cause death.

### **Safety**

#### **DANGER!**

In order to avoid all risk of serious injury from the propeller, the engine must not be started when there are people swimming near the boat.

Whenever possible, the engine must be stopped for any engine maintenance or checking operations. Otherwise, special attention must be paid to moving parts (propeller shafts, belts, etc.) in order to avoid any risk of injury.

## Wintering

Read carefully the operating and maintenance instructions for the engine that goes with your boat and the instructions for wintering.

In the absence of other instructions, proceed as follows:

- Close the engine water intake seacock,
- Disconnect the pipe from the engine water intake seacock,
- Drain the sea-water circuit,
- Place the pipe into a drum of  $-25^{\circ}$  anti-freeze coolant,
- Run the engine until the fluid comes out of the exhaust,
- At the end of this operation, re-connect the pipe to the seacock,
- Attach a notice to the electrical panel and the battery isolator to the effect that the engine water intake seacock is closed.

## IX. FUEL INSTALLATION

In the event of deterioration, flexible fuel pipes must be replaced by pipes bearing the same markings. Do the same for all fuel lines.

### ATTENTION!

- Depending on the trim and loading of your boat, the whole of the nominal fuel capacity may not be usable. Always maintain a 20% reserve for safety.
- Avoid contact between flammable materials and hot parts of the engine.
- Clean up any overflow of fuel that may occur when filling the tanks.

### You must never:

- Store flammable materials in unventilated spaces.
- Smoke while filling tanks.
- Obstruct ventilation openings (vents, engine air intake grating) : Make sure they are completely clear.
- Modify the installation, unless work is done by a qualified technician.

## X. HELM SYSTEM

The steering system plays a vital role in the safety and comfort of your boat.

### Helm

The DUF0UR 520 is fitted with a dual wheel with a system of rudder cables and chains as well as with an emergency tiller.

Checks to be carried out periodically. Check the play in the various elements (rudder stock/bearings, tension and wear in mechanical components) and grease the sprocket and chain if necessary.

In the event of any doubt or problem, consult your agent.

## *Emergency tiller*

### **ATTENTION!**

- The **Dufour 520** is fitted with an emergency tiller which must be kept readily accessible; we advise stowing it in one of the nacelle cockpit lockers.
- It is designed only for sailing at reduced speed in the event of damage to the helm.

To use it:

- Unscrew the deck-plate to reveal the head of the rudder stock
- Fit the tiller onto the head of the rudder stock.

## **XI. SAILING**

### **WARNING**

In all situations, suit the speed of your boat to the surrounding conditions and always maintain a safety margin. Pay particular attention to:

- Sea conditions, currents, the strength of the wind
- The movements of other boats
- Manoeuvres in port
- When passing through mooring areas.
- Obey the rules of right of way as set out in the Rules of the Road as established by COLREG
- Ensure that you always have enough room for stopping or for any necessary manoeuvres to avoid a collision
- Respect speed limits
- Out of courtesy and for the safety of other boats, exercise care and attention to minimise your boat's wake near other boats
- Movable items must be carefully attached when at sea

### **WARNING**

- You must fit your boat with grab lines. Anchor-points are provided on the deck. Please refer to the deck fittings plan for your boat.
- The stability of your boat has been designed taking into account the boat's weight specification for light displacement, the standard equipment on board and the manufacturer's catalogue options.

Any alteration to on-board weight distribution (for example: adding a radar, changing the engine, etc.) can affect the stability, trim and performance of your boat.

Breaking waves represent a significant threat to stability.

Towing another boat produces significant extra loading, which will have an adverse effect on the stability of your boat.

- **You must never:**

Lift heavy weights using the boom.

## XII. FALL PREVENTION AND MEANS OF GETTING BACK ABOARD

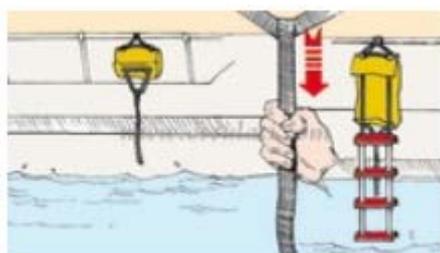
While underway, it is recommended to move about on deck only in areas provided for this purpose. These areas (gangways, cockpit, roof, side seats, etc.) are provided with non-skid coatings or teak (depending on option selected) making it safe to move about.

On the DUFOUR 520, it is safe to walk on the whole of the working deck within the life-lines. Where necessary, walkways are provided on glazed areas in the form of non-slip grooves. It should be noted that the stern platform, when open, is not regarded as a safe area. Furthermore, it must be closed when underway.

Depending on sea conditions, wind and the degree of heel, it is also recommended to use the harness by attaching to the various attachment points mentioned in the deck fittings plan. While underway, use the different handrails when moving about, such as in the tiller area, around the cockpit table, the coach roof, the shroud, etc.

The DUFOUR 520 is equipped with a swim ladder built into the stern door. In this case, lower the stern door by releasing the retrieval cord then disengage the ladder from its housing and unfold it into position.

A safety ladder is also provided in case of emergency. It is located on the starboard stern rail and can be opened from the water. Make sure that you are familiar with this system, so that it will be operational in all situations, especially while navigating.



## XIII. LIGHTNING PROTECTION

Your boat is protected against lightning. The rigging is electrically connected to earth. Nonetheless, for your safety, it is necessary to respect certain precautions.

### *Maintenance*

If the vessel has been hit by lightning:

- The protection installation must be inspected to detect physical damage and check the integrity of the device, as well as the continuity of the earthing.

- The compasses, electrical and electronic devices must be examined in order to ascertain if damage or calibration changes have occurred.

### *Protection of people during a thunderstorm*

#### **WARNING**

During a thunderstorm, it is recommended that you should comply with the following instructions:

- People should stay below as much as possible.
- People should stay out of the water and not let their arms or legs hang into the water.
- While maintaining satisfactory control of the vessel and its course, persons aboard should not touch any parts connected to a lightning protection system, and especially not in such a way as to form a link between such parts.
- People should avoid touching any metallic parts of the rigging, spars, deck fittings and lifelines.

## XIV. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION & SAFETY

We recommend you to find out about local regulations concerning respect for the environment, and to obey international regulations against pollution in the marine environment (MARPOL), together with the codes of good practice.

Do not discharge the toilets or the contents of the holding tanks near coasts or in prohibited areas; use port or marina pumping systems for emptying the holding tanks before leaving port.

#### **ATTENTION!**

- Most cleaning products, engine oils and fuels are likely to impact the environment, so they should be discharged in authorized locations (check with the Harbor Master's office).
- Do not run the bilge pump when oil or fuel is present in the engine compartment, as these chemicals must be discharged in authorized locations.
- Certain products can also pose a risk to your safety and that of others, which is why it is important to read and follow the instructions for use.
- Chemicals must be labeled and stored in an appropriate place on the boat.

## XV. SAFETY FACILITIES

There is no harmonization of mandatory safety equipment across the European Community. You should find out about current national requirements for CE-marked vessels.

In France, the skipper is responsible for ensuring that recreational craft bearing the CE mark carry aboard the mandatory handling and safety equipment stipulated for the relevant sailing category.

Your boat is provided with a stowage position for a life-raft, read the life-raft instruction manual carefully. The crew should be familiarized with the use of all safety equipment (harnesses, flare, life-raft, etc...). Training sessions are organized regularly by sailing schools and clubs.

## XVI. HANDLING, TRANSPORTING, HAULOUT

When craning, take care that the slings are correctly positioned and are not fouling the propeller shaft, the sail-drive or a fragile transducer.

Lifting frames must be wide enough, or fitted with spreaders, so as to avoid applying excessive lateral pressure on the rubbing strakes.

Avoid allowing slings to foul the life-lines. During transport or haulout, the keel should be in proper contact with its support and should be taking most of the boat's weight.

Cradle pads must be positioned against structural elements in order to exert only the pressure necessary for the boat to be properly balanced.

Take advantage of the opportunity provided by haul-outs to inspect the propeller, rudder, skin fittings, and transducers.

### **ATTENTION!**

Aft lifting point is located near the sail-drive or propeller shaft, depending on the option.

S

## XVII. MOORING, ANCHORING, AND TOWING

### ATTENTION!

- The anchor points for mooring and / or towing are the 2 front cleats that have a breaking strain of about 7,900 kg each. The aft and central cleats can also be used for docking. They have a breaking strain of approximately 5,400 kg.
- The breaking strain of the mooring lines / chains must not normally exceed 80 % of the breaking strain of the anchor points – in this case, 12mm galvanized chain and 22 mm (max) polypropylene rope.
- Tow or be towed at a slow speed. Never exceed the hull speed of a displacement boat in tow.
- Tow line should always be made fast in such a way that it can be released when under load.

### *Responsibility*

It is the owner/operator's responsibility to ensure that the mooring lines, towing cables, anchor chains and lines, together with the anchors, are suitable for the boat's intended use, i.e. that the lines or chains do not exceed 80 % of the breaking strain of the corresponding anchor point.

Furthermore, the owner must take into account the actions required when making fast a tow cable.

# XVIII. GUARANTEE, TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP

## A) CONTRACTUAL GUARANTEES

Note: This guarantee does not apply to boats being used for commercial purposes (it being specified that any hiring or chartering activity falls into this category) nor to sailing boats taking part in competitions, which may be covered by special guarantees.

### 8 - Guarantees

#### a) New boats and equipment:

8.1.1 – For both Commercial Purchasers and private consumers domiciled outside the territory of the European Union, the Seller grants the statutory warranties as defined in the context of the sale of vessels by Articles 1641 and 1648 of the French Civil Code and in the context of a marine construction contract by Articles 7 and 8 of Law nr. 67.5 dated 3rd January 1967 pertaining to vessels.

8.1.2 – For Purchasers domiciled within the territory of the European Union and taking out the contract as private consumers, the Seller is required to furnish the guarantees as defined in the context of a boat sales contract by Articles 7 and 8 of the Act dated 7/1/1967 pertaining to vessels, and in the context of the Order (2005-136) dated 17/2/2005 and incorporated into the French Consumer Code. Independently of this guarantee, the Seller remains liable for discrepancies between the goods and the contract and for redhibitory defects under the conditions provided for under Articles 1641 to 1649 of the French Civil Code (see 8.1.1).

8.2 – Visible defects: acceptance by the Purchaser releases the Seller from their obligation in respect of discrepancies and visible defects.

#### 8.3 - Contractual guarantee:

Except for guarantee or penalty clauses expressly agreed at the time of accepting the order, the Seller's guarantee is granted under the following conditions:

- The Purchaser benefits from a contractual guarantee running for two years from the date of acceptance of the vessel, as noted on the acceptance report.
- This is limited to the replacement or free repair, at the yacht-builder's discretion, of any parts acknowledged as being defective by the yacht-builder's technical services; this being without any other compensation of any kind.
- For components and accessories visibly bearing the mark of another supplier, the guarantee is limited to the guarantee offered

by that supplier.

- It is stipulated that any handling, transport, parking, or convoying costs incurred in carrying out these operations remain the sole liability of the buyer/user, unless DUFOUR YACHTS yacht-builders offer to waive them in full or in part.
- The boat-builder's warranty excludes:
  - the cost of transporting the boat or any parts, and any consequences thereof, together with expenses and/or any damage arising out of the inability to use the boat and/or the equipment;
  - normal wear and tear;
  - cracking, crazing, or discolouration of the gelcoat;
  - damaging resulting from:
    - o fortuitous events or cases of force majeure;
    - o conversions and modifications, or repairs, even partial, carried out other than in work-shops authorized by the maker;
    - o failure to observe the maintenance recommendations set out in the Owner's Manual supplied with the boat;
    - o improper use, in particular through negligence, carelessness, abuse, or abnormal usage;
    - o participating in competitions;
    - o failure to take necessary protective measures;
    - o unsuitable storage or transport conditions.

In order to benefit from the yacht-builder's contractual guarantee, each time they make a claim under it, the buyer/user will be required to submit the boat delivery certificate and the guarantee document, duly completed, and, on pain of rendering it void, must notify their dealer/vendor of the fault or defect in writing, in detail and with justifications, within 15 days of its being discovered.

8.4 – the guarantee covers usage at sea in wind and sea conditions acceptable for safety and in accordance with the vessel's approval category. Under these conditions, it cannot under any circumstances cover events arising during or resulting from collisions, groundings, breaking seas, tidal waves, cyclones, severe storms, and all other exceptional events and/or events arising out of an error of seamanship.

8.5 – Loss of or damage to products occurring after handover do not release the Purchaser from their obligation to pay the price.

#### b) Second-hand boats and equipment:

The order form specifies if the boat or equipment is second-hand. The Purchaser benefits from a contractual guarantee, covering hull and engine only, running for one year from the date of acceptance of the vessel or goods, as noted on the acceptance report.

c) In addition to the contractual guarantee detailed above, the Seller remains liable for discrepancies in the goods and for latent defects under the conditions provided for under Articles 1641 to 1649 of the French Civil Code and the provisions of the Order dated 17/2/2005, where applicable.

## **B) COMMON GUARANTEE CONDITIONS**

Any claim under these guarantee conditions must be made formally to DUFOUR YACHTS in writing as soon as the defect is discovered, and within eight (8) days for claims under the contractual guarantee. Any claim will also be required to quote the serial number of the boat concerned, and where applicable the part number(s) of the part(s) involved in the guarantee claim.

Furthermore, the request must indicate the exact circumstances under which the problem occurred.

In order to investigate the request DUFOUR YACHTS may ask for any details and appoint, at its own expense, a surveyor or technician of its choice to determine the circumstances of the occurrence of the problem and demand any necessary papers.

Immobilization following problems encountered and/or replacement and/or repair work, whatever the duration, does not create entitlement to compensation.

The owner shall under all circumstances remain liable for parking fees, customs dues and other ancillary expenses.

All repairs and/or replacements will be carried out by an authorized DUFOUR YACHTS agent or by a professional duly acting under the Boatbuilder's instructions. If the nature of the repairs requires the guarantee repair work to be carried out in DUFOUR YACHTS workshops or in any location other than the place where the Product is located, the owner will be liable for the cost of both outward and return transport to the Yacht builder.

In the event of the boat's needing to be taken out of the water, haul-out and re-launching costs will be at the owner's expense.

## **C) TRANSFER OF GUARANTEES**

The guarantees are afforded to the first purchaser of the boat involved. They are only transferable with DUFOUR YACHTS' prior written agreement.

An ownership transfer note is supplied with the Product documents. This must be sent to DUFOUR YACHTS within thirty (30) days of the transfer.

This note must bear the names, addresses and telephone numbers of the old owner and the Purchaser, the date of sale, and the Product's hull number.

Upon reception, DUFOUR YACHTS will confirm the guarantee expiry dates and specify whether the unit has received the annual inspection that gives entitlement to the continuation of the contractual guarantees.

## **D) STATUTORY DECLARATIONS**

### **Article L.211-4 of the Consumer Code:**

*"The seller is required to supply goods that conform to the contract and to assume liability for discrepancies existing at the moment of handover. He shall likewise be liable for discrepancies arising out of the packaging, assembly instructions, or installation when he is liable for this under the contract or it has been carried out under his responsibility."*

### **Article L. 211-5 of the Consumer Code:**

*"In order to conform to the contract, the goods must:*

*1) Be suitable for the normally-expected use for similar types of goods and, where applicable:*

*- correspond to the description given by the seller and possess the qualities the latter has presented to the buyer in the form of a sample or model;*

*- present the qualities that a buyer may reasonably expect with regard to public declarations made by the seller, by the producer, or by his representative, particularly in advertising material or labelling;*

*2) Either present the characteristics defined by joint agreement by the parties, or be suitable for any special usage sought by the buyer that the seller has been made aware of and has agreed to."*

### **Article L.211-12 of the Consumer Code:**

*"Actions arising out of a discrepancy lapse after two years from the date the goods are handed over."*

### **Article 1641 of the Civil Code:**

*"The seller is obliged to guarantee against latent defects in the article sold which render it unfit for its intended use, or which adversely affect this use to such an extent that the buyer would not have purchased it, or would have only paid a lower price, if he had known about them."*

### **Article 1648, Para. 1 of the Civil Code:**

*"Actions arising out of redhibitory defects must be brought by the purchaser within two years of discovery of the defect."*



# DUFOUR

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YACHTS

## TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP CERTIFICATE

\*\*\*

Boat model:

Hull N°:.....

From Mr:..... / Address: .....

.....

ZIP CODE: .....City: ..... Tel:.....

Date of Purchase: .....

BEING SOLD TO:

Mr/Ms: ..... Address : .....

.....

ZIP CODE: .....City: ..... Tel:.....

Date of Purchase: .....

Signed at ..... date .....

Seller

Buyer

Signed for DUFOUR YACHTS on: ..

Return the copy within 15 days of completing the transaction to:

...

SAV DUFOUR YACHTS  
11 rue Blaise Pascal  
17187 PERIGNY CEDEX FRANCE

## XIX. DRAWINGS

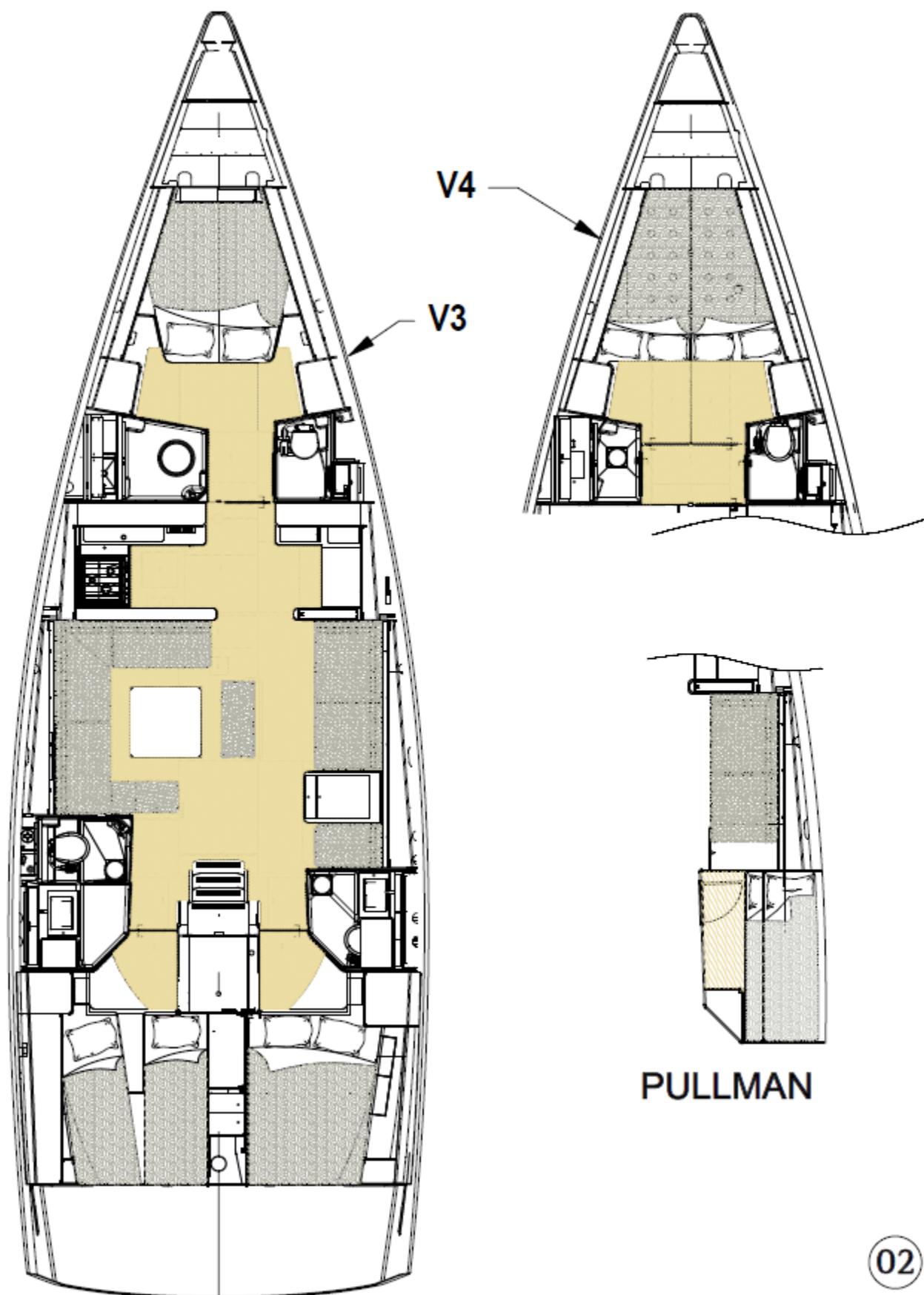
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# 1.Presentation plan



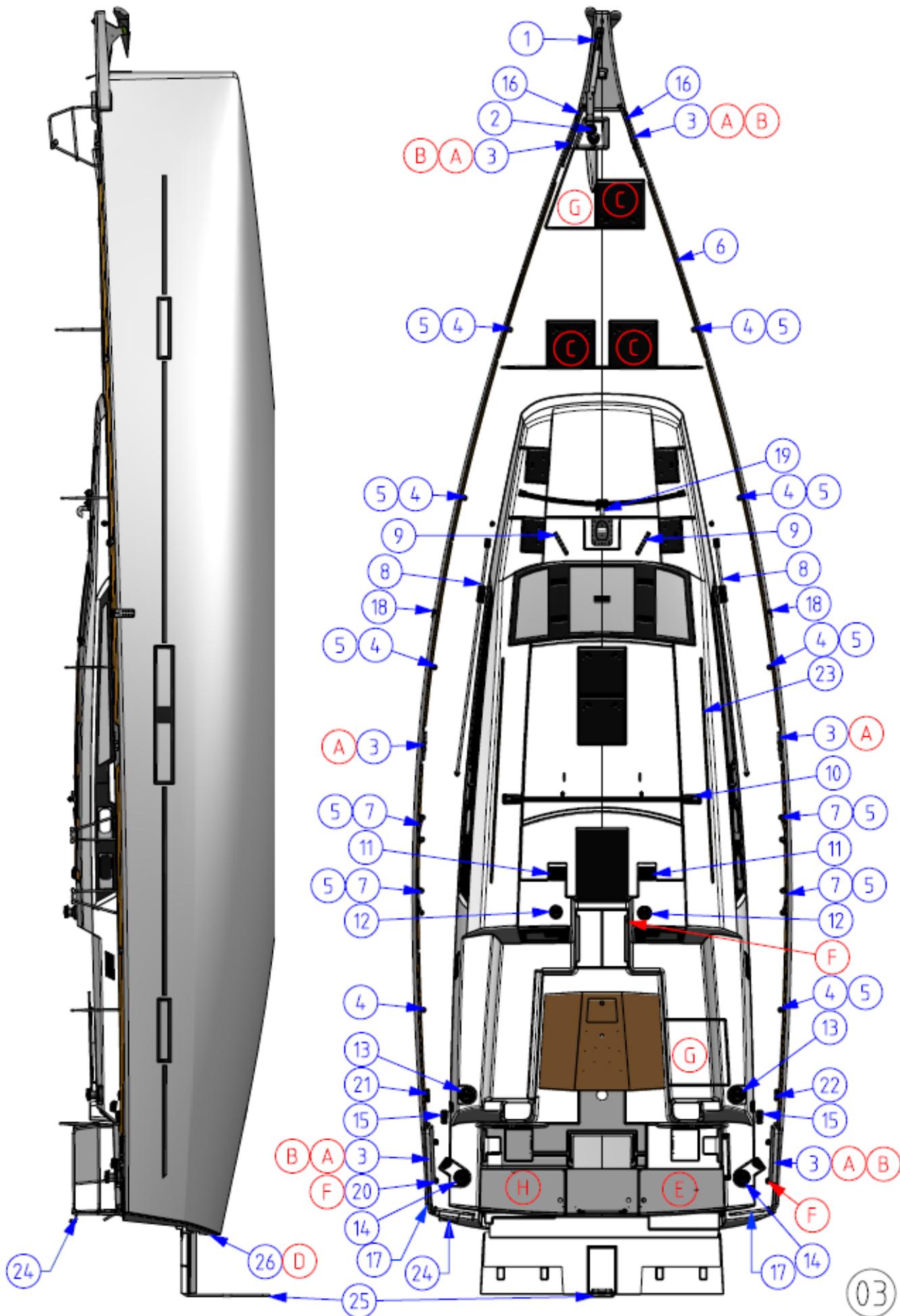
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## 2.Accommodation layout



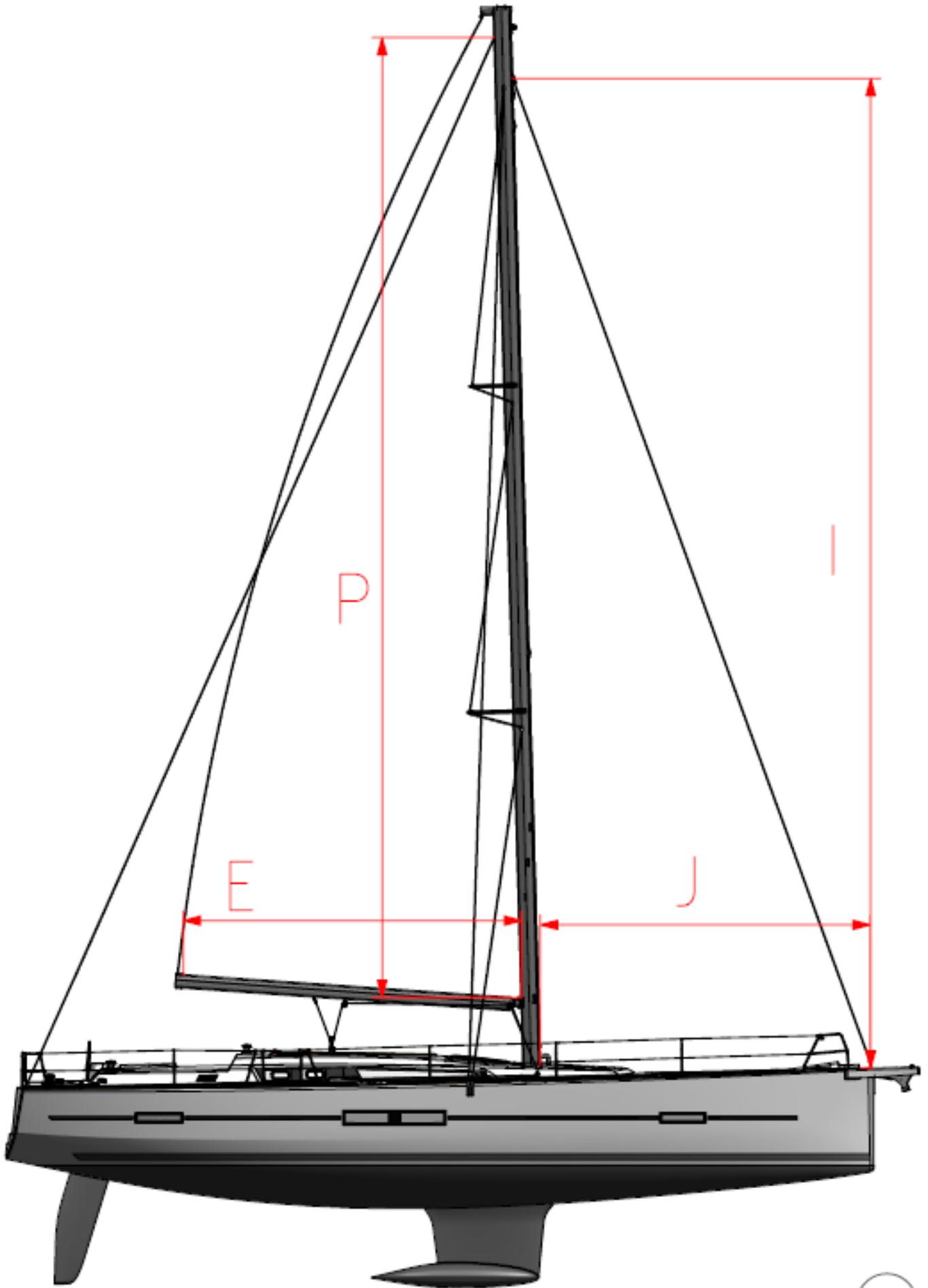
### 3. Deck fittings plan

<i>Label</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	Stem protector
2	Windlass
3	Mooring cleat
4	Stanchions
5	Chandelier bases
6	Fiddle track
7	Gangway stanchions
8	Genoa track + car
9	5 Deck organizer
0	Mainsail track + car
11	Cabin roof jamcleats
12	Halyard winches
13	Spinnaker winches *
14	Sheets winches
15	Genoa and mainsail sheet jamcleats
16	Bow rail
17	Stern rails (per pair)
18	Shroud chain-plates
19	U-bend
20	Beaching folding of spinnaker
21	Genoa Furling outhaul ratchets
22	Blocker spinnaker tack*
23	Coachroof handrail
24	Lifebelt bracket
25	Folding bathing ladder
26	Safety ladder
A	Life-line anchor point: port & starboard cleats
B	Towing points (Port & Starboard)
C	Hatches must be closed when underway
D	"Man overboard": reboarding ladder
E	Life raft stowage
F	Safety harness anchor point
G	Compartments (must be closed when underway)
H	Space provided for tender stowing
*	Option



## 4.Sail plan

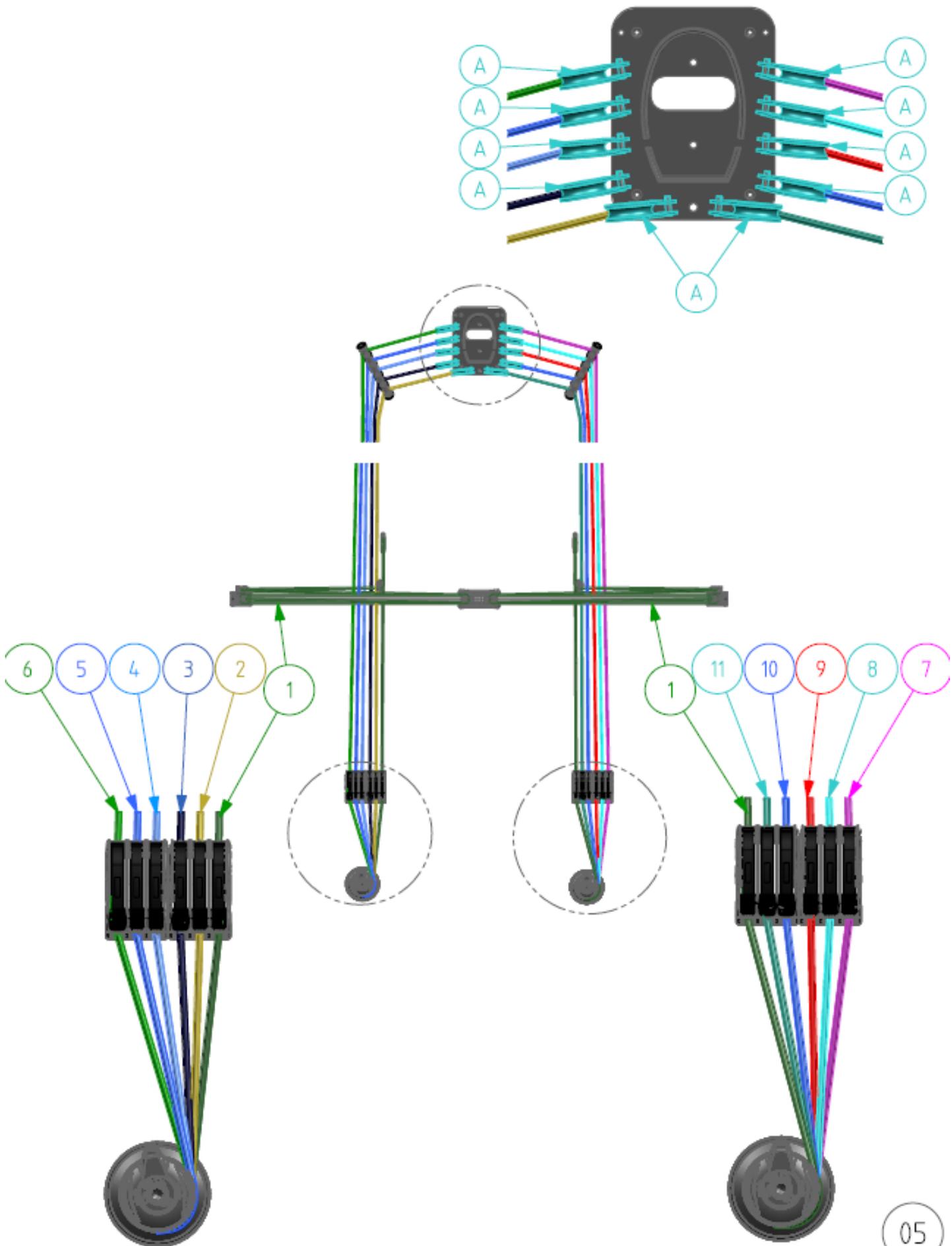
	Tall mast
I	18.30 m
J	5.59 m
P	18.00 m
E	5.60 m
LP (128 % overlap)	6.04 m
Mainsail area	58 m <sup>2</sup>
Genoa area (128 %)	52 m <sup>2</sup>
Cruising chute area*	180 m <sup>2</sup>
Code 0 area *	105 m <sup>2</sup>
* Not supplied by yacht-builders	

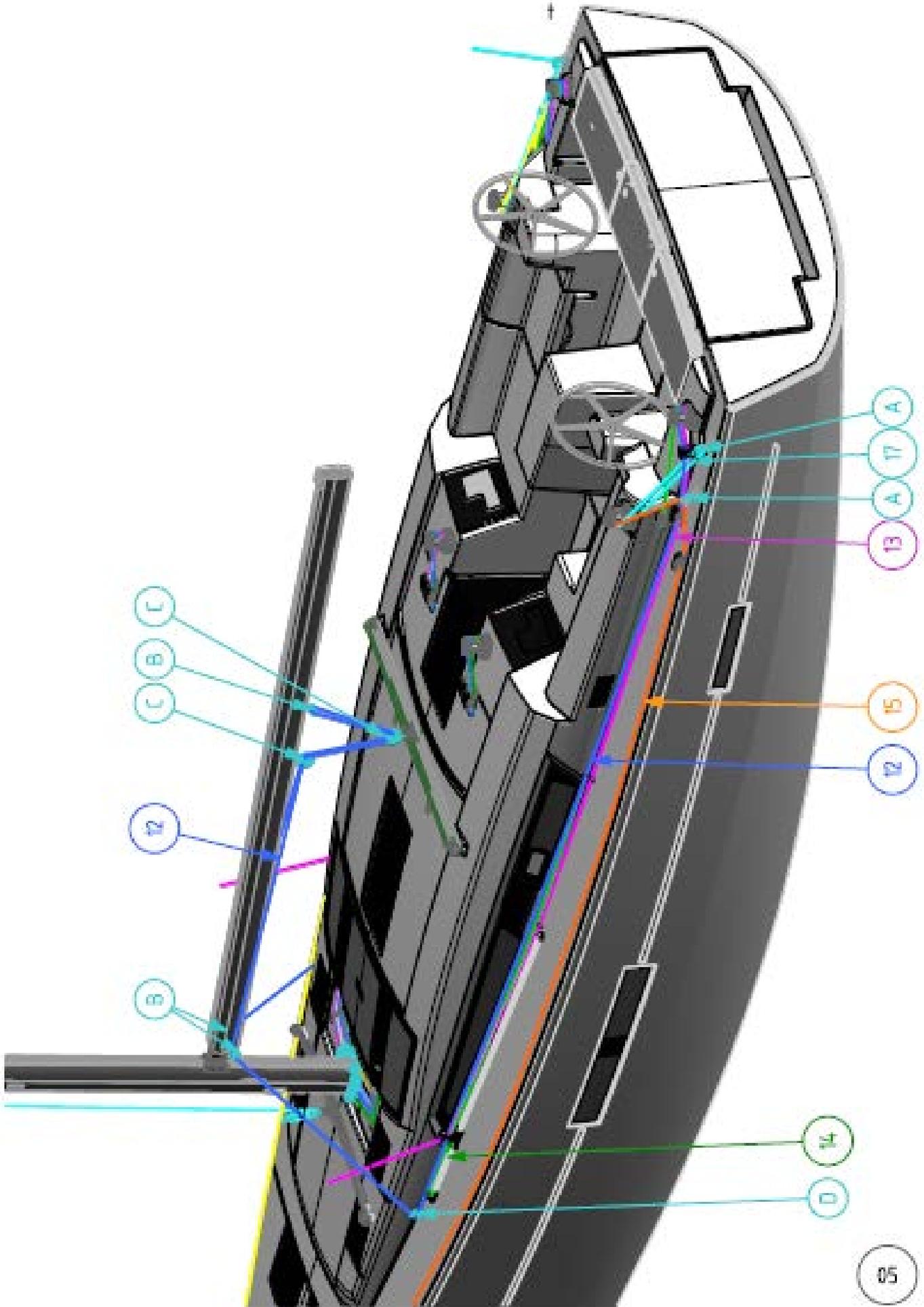


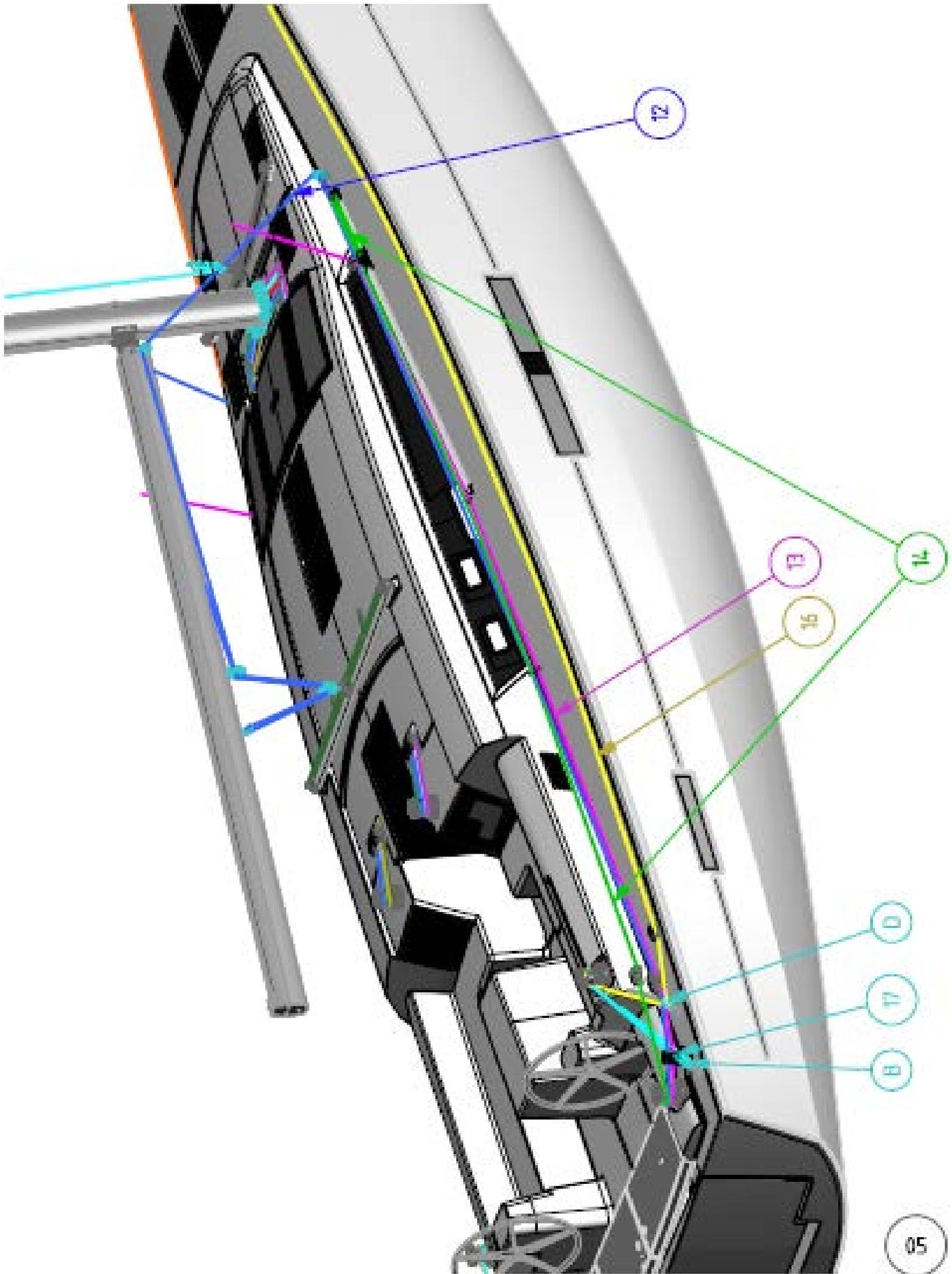
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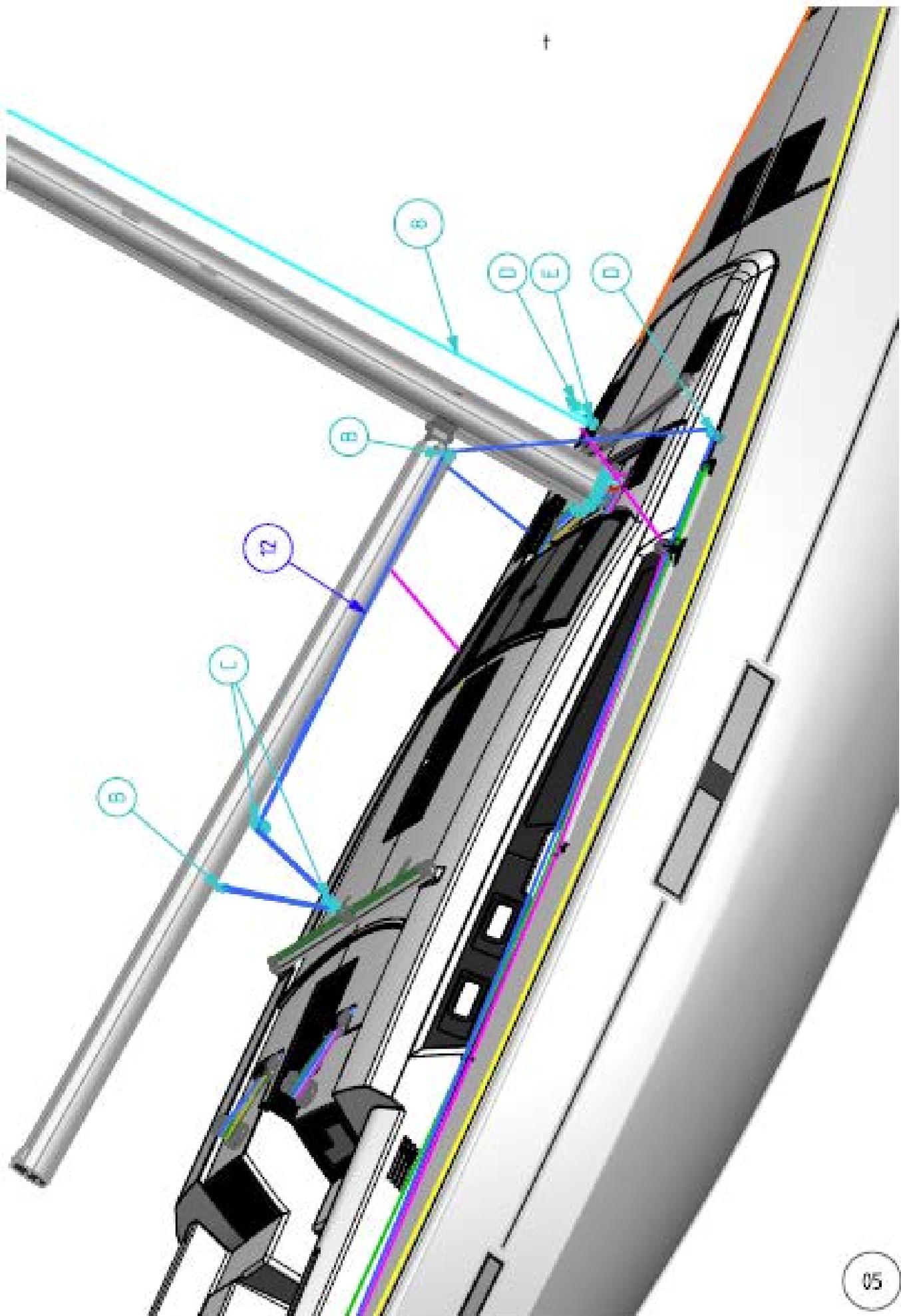
## 5.Halyard and sheet operating diagram

<i>Label</i>	<i>Description standard mast</i>
1	Mainsail car settings
2	Mainsail foot
3	Reef 1
4	Ris 3 (Grand Prix) *
5	Mainsail halyard
6	Spinnaker halyard *
7	Releasable forestay halyard
8	Self-tacking jib sheet *
9	Genoa halyard
10	Reef 2
11	Boom vang
12	Mainsheet
13	Genoa sheet
14	Genoa car settings*
15	Genoa furling line
16	Spinnaker tack *
17	Spinnaker sheet *
*	Option





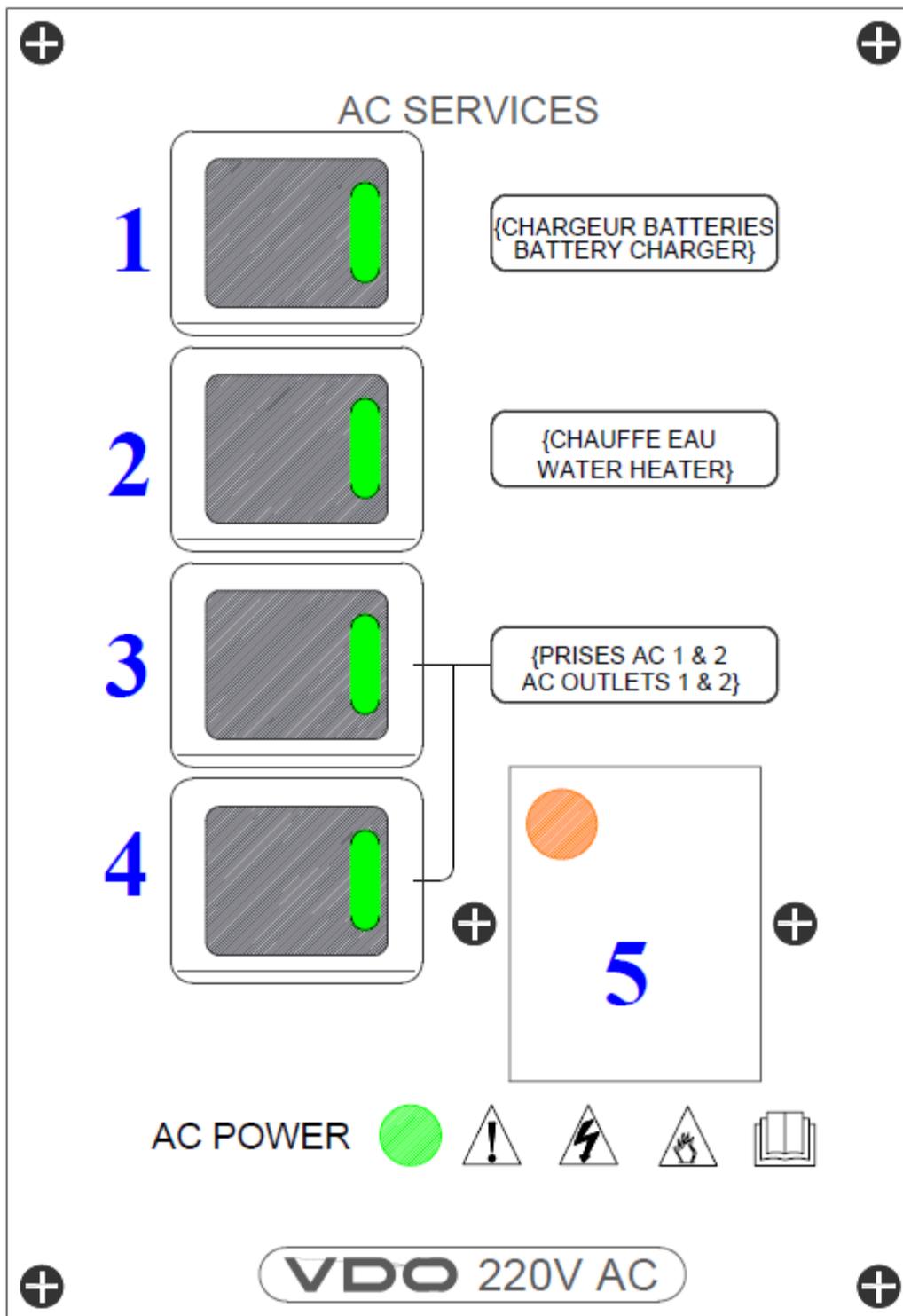




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## 6.220 V distribution panel diagram

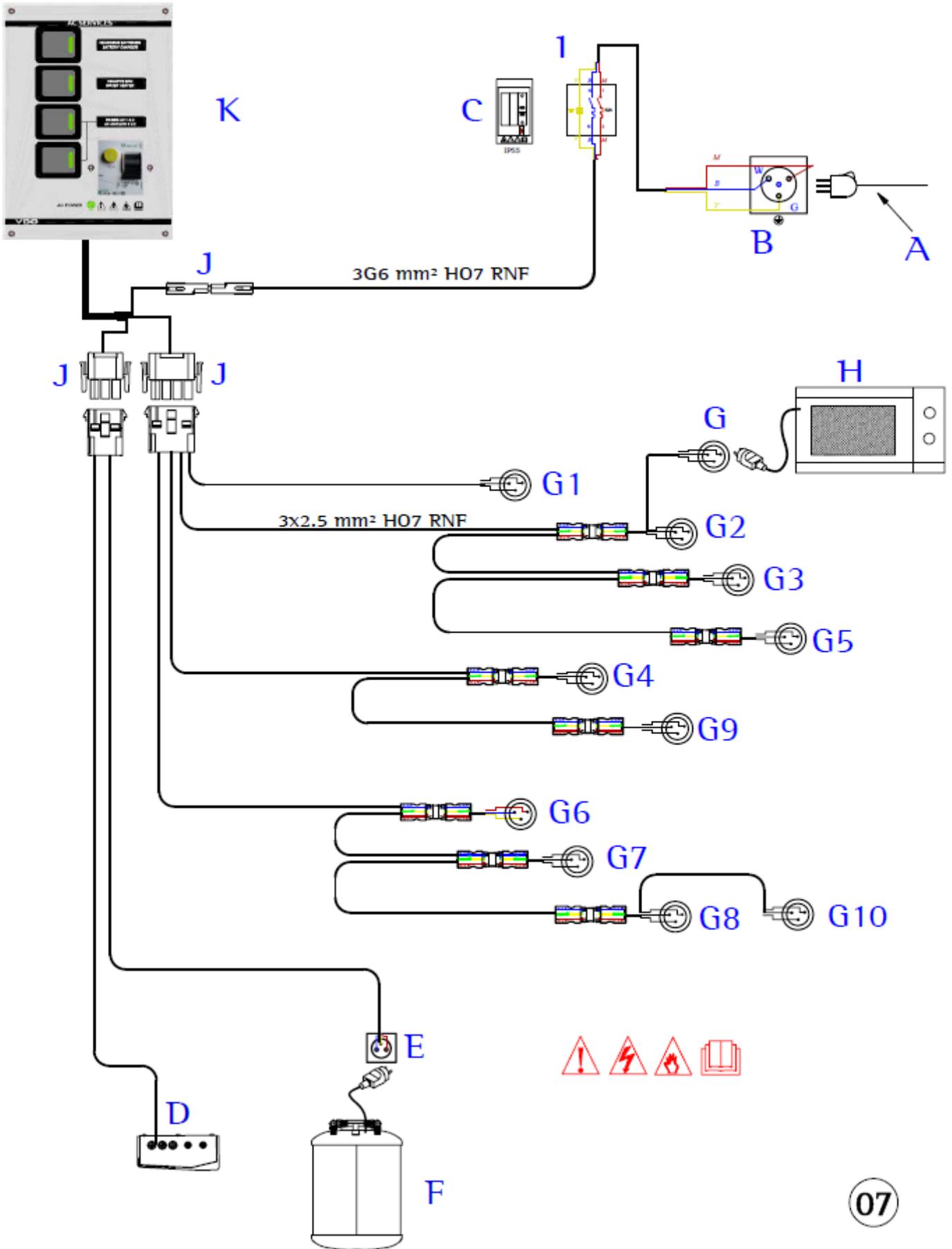
<i>Label</i>	<i>Description</i>	
1	Battery charger	16A
2	Water-heater	16A
3	Electrical outlet	16A
4	Electrical outlet	16A
5	Differential	40A



06

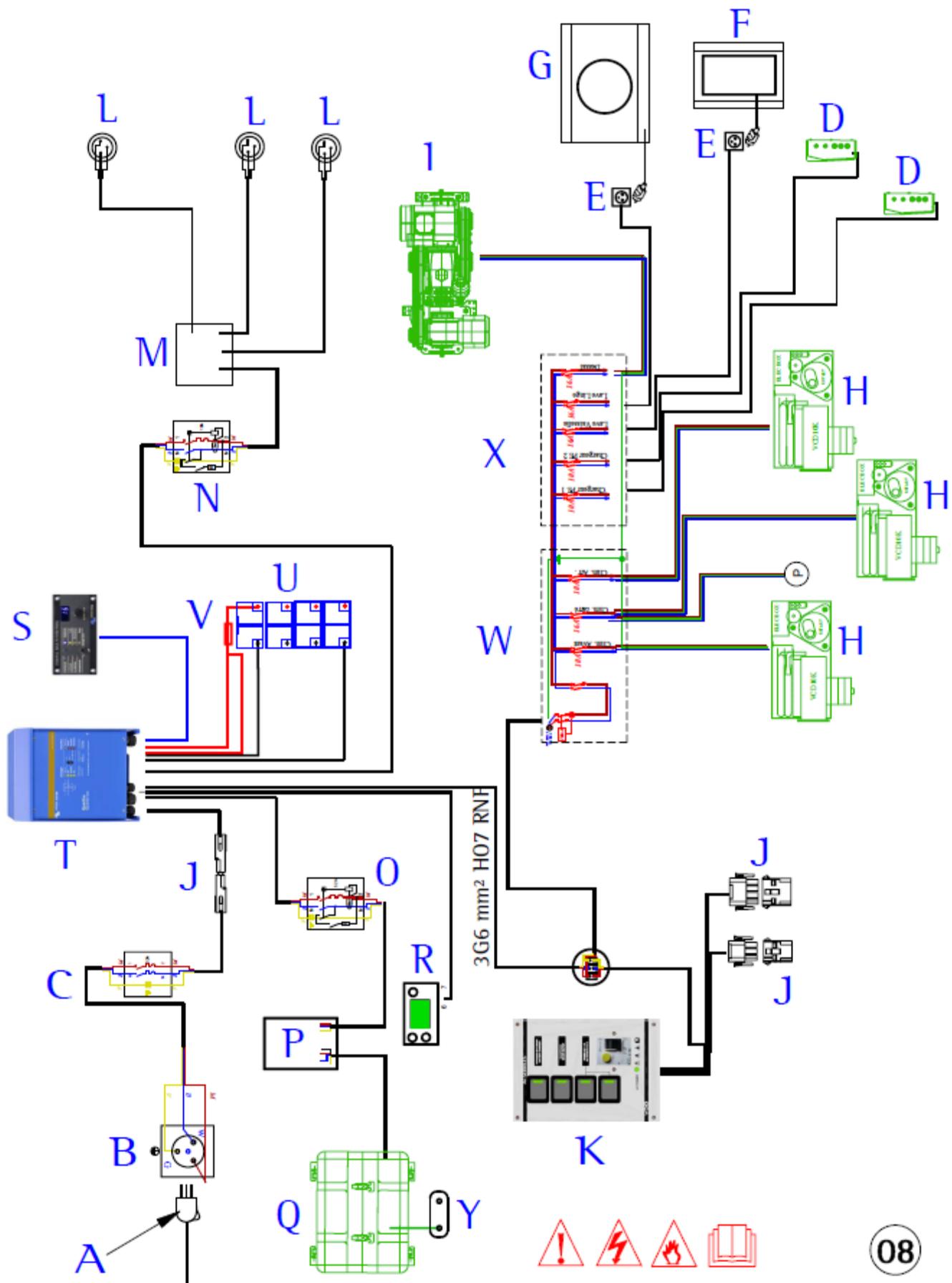
## 7.220 V circuit diagram

<i>Label</i>	<i>Description</i>
<i>Facilities</i>	
A	220V Shore cable **
B	Shore AC connection
C	16A Electrical box with main circuit breaker
D	Charger
E	CE waterproof plug connection
F	Water heater
G	220V10A outlets
H	220V microwave oven*
I	Connector (back panel of electrical cabinet)
J	G Connector
K	220V / 115V electrical panel
<i>Electrical wiring colours</i>	
<i>b</i>	light blue
<i>g</i>	green
<i>m</i>	brown
<i>n</i>	black
<i>r</i>	red
<i>v</i>	green/yellow
<i>w</i>	white
*	Option
**	Not supplied



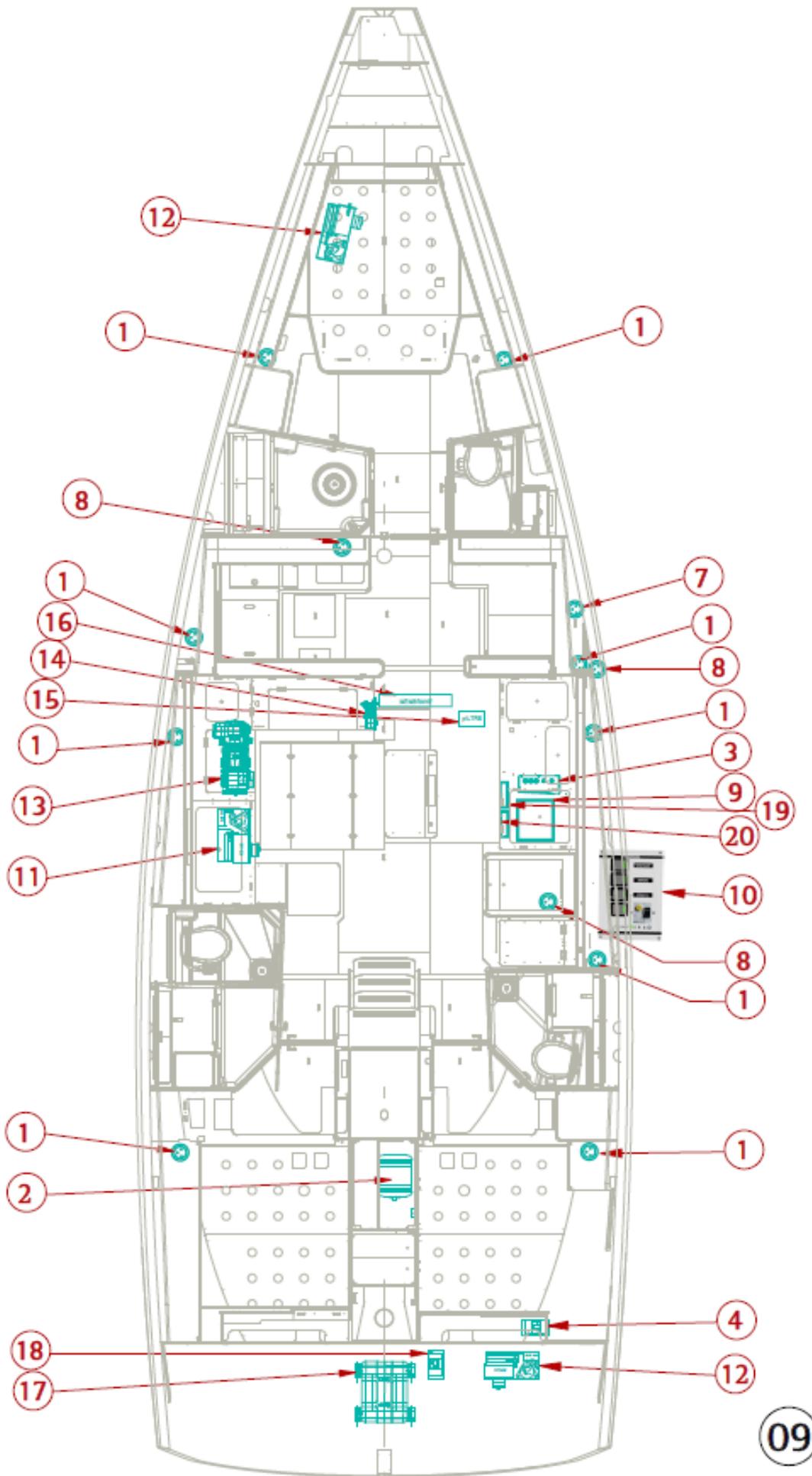
## 8.220 V circuit diagram with options

<i>Label</i>	<i>Description</i>
<i>Facilities</i>	
A	220V Shore cable **
B	Shore AC connection 16A Electrical box with main circuit breaker
C	Charger thruster (bow and stern)
D	Waterproof plug for Washing Machine or Dishwasher
E	connection
F	Dishwasher
G	Washing machine
H	Air-conditioner
I	Desalinator 12V/220V -60L/mn
J	Connector panel
K	220V / 115V electrical panel
L	Quattro inverted outlets (x3)
M	Junction box (outlets) Electric box with 16A-30mA differential
N	Electric box with 32A-30mA differential
O	Inverter**
P	Generator
Q	Generator control panel**
R	Quattro Combi control panel**
S	Quattro Combi 12V/220V/3000W
T	Set of auxiliary batteries
U	500A fuse
V	Electrical box with air-conditioning circuit breakers *
W	Electrical box with LL, LV, PE, and Dessal circuit
X	breakers
Y	Generator ground plate
<i>Electrical wiring colours</i>	
<i>b</i>	light blue
<i>g</i>	green
<i>m</i>	brown
<i>n</i>	black
<i>r</i>	red
<i>v</i>	green/yellow
<i>w</i>	white
*	Option
**	Not supplied



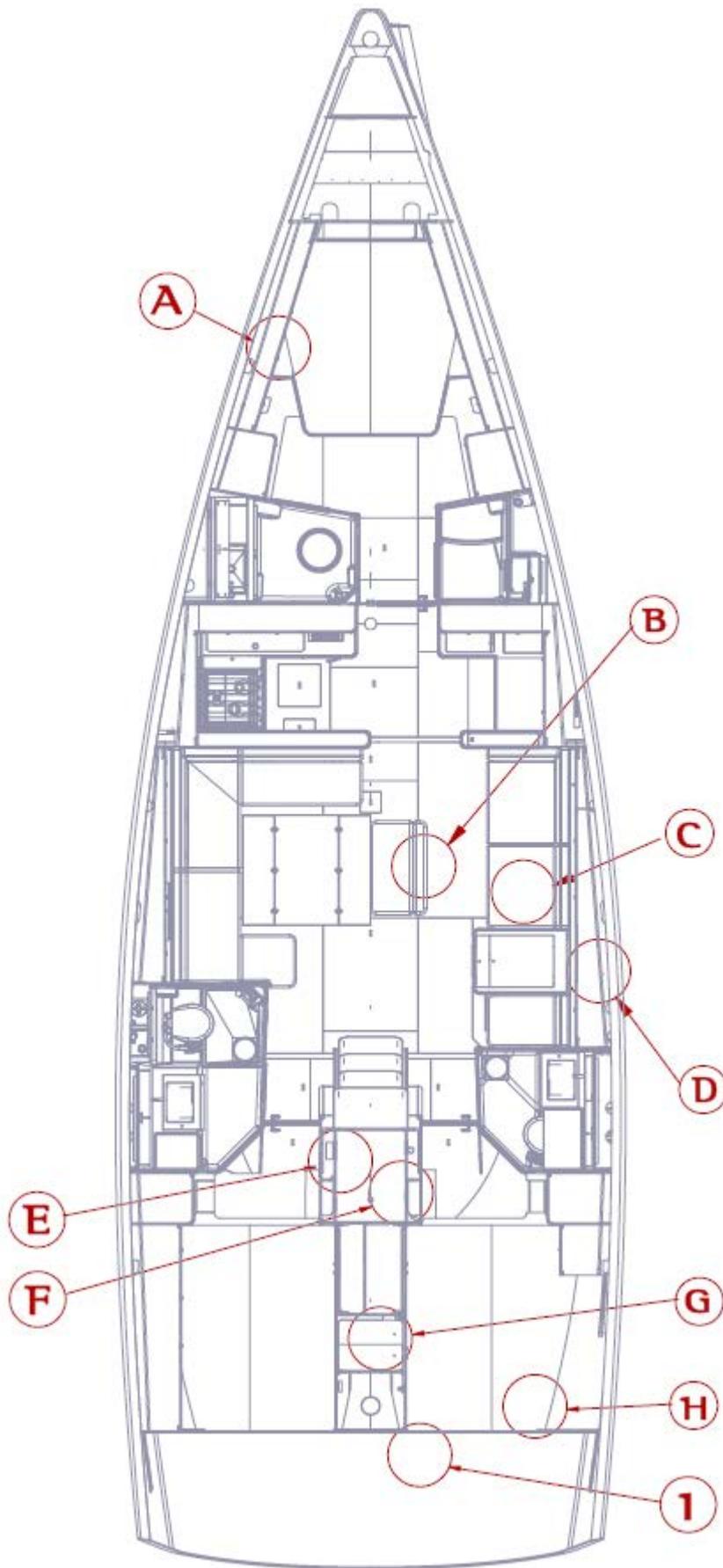
## 9.220 V electrical installation diagram

<i>Label</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	220 V ( or 110 V ) outlet *
2	Water heater
3	Battery charger
4	Main circuit-breaker box
5	G Connector
6	Shore AC connection
7	Microwave oven outlet*
8	Inverter outlets (x3)
9	12V/220V/2KW inverter
10	220V / 115V electrical panel
11	Turbo air conditioning 16000BTU*
12	Turbo air conditioning 8000BTU*
13	DUO60 Desalinator*
14	Desalinator panel*
15	Desalinator filter*
16	Desalinator membrane*
17	Generator*
18	Generator electrical box*
19	Air conditioning electrical box*
20	LL, LV, Desal electrical box and chargers/thrusters*.
*	Option



## 10. Fuse location diagram

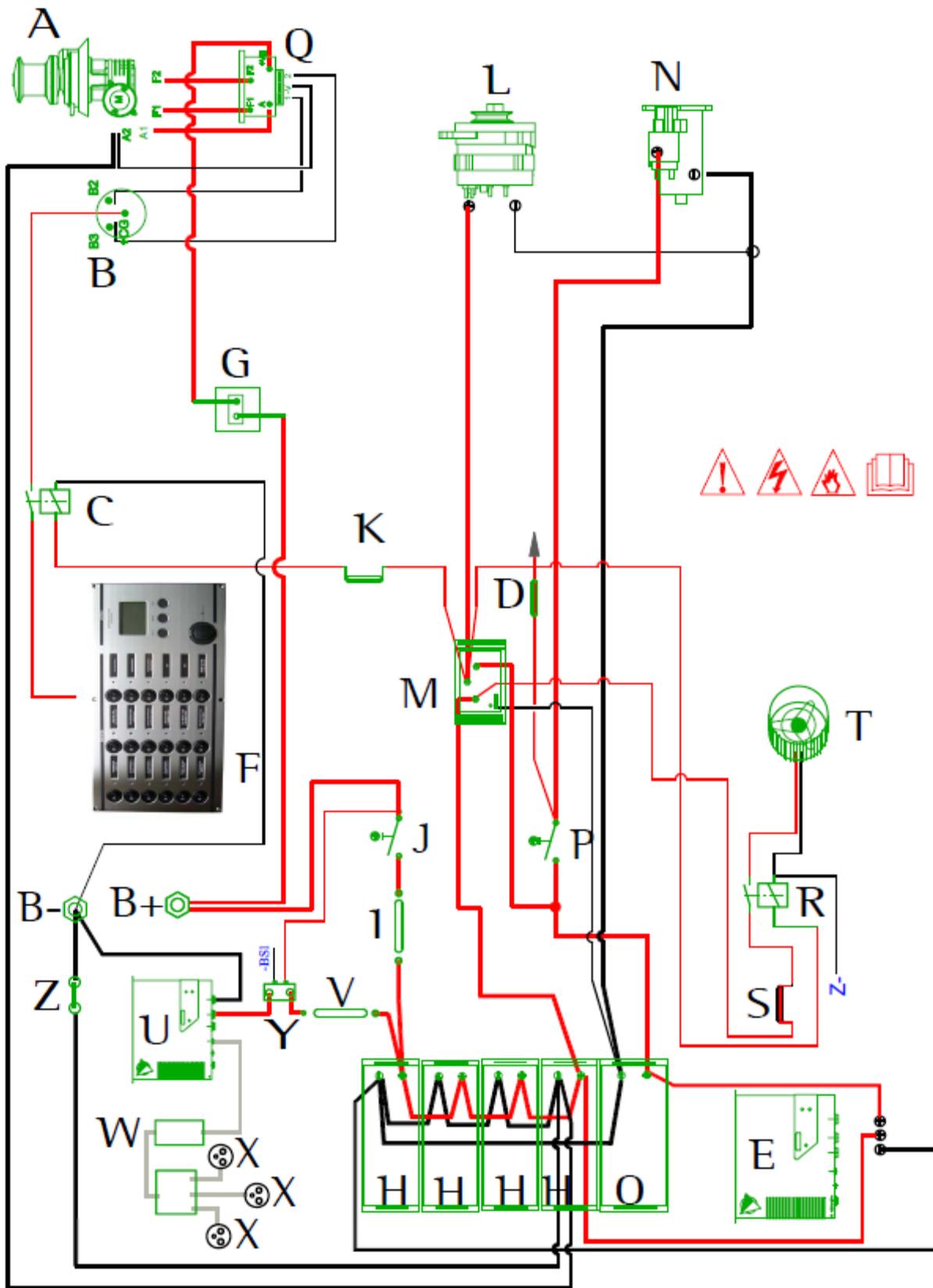
<i>Label</i>	<i>Description</i>
A	<i>Zone A - 12 V</i> Strip fuse 250A: optional bow thruster*
B	<i>Zone B - 12 V</i> Strip fuse 200A: panel protection Strip fuse 125A: inverter protection* Strip fuse 500A: Quattro protection* 100A shunt Blade fuse 15A: optional automatic bilge pump
C	<i>Zone C - 220 V</i> Differential circuit-breaker 16A: inverter protection* Single-pole + neutral 10A circuit breaker: fore charger/thruster protection* Single-pole + neutral 10A circuit breaker: aft charger/thruster protection* Single-pole + neutral 16A circuit breaker: Dishwasher protection* Single-pole + neutral 16A circuit breaker: Washing machine protection* Single-pole + neutral 16A circuit breaker: Desalinator protection* <i>Zone C - 12 V</i> Differential circuit-breaker 150A: windlass Resettable circuit breaker type C 63A: Desalinator*
D	<i>Zone D - 12 V</i> Blade fuse 15A: Freezer* Blade fuse 1A: with gas solenoid valve* Blade fuse 10A: optional thruster* Blade fuse 15A: Cockpit table fridge* Blade fuse 40A: with auto-pilot option* Blade fuse 1A: optional heater (x4)* Blade fuse 3A: with heating option* Blade fuse 5A: with windlass option* Blade fuse 5A: with navigation instrument pack option*
E	<i>Zone E - 6-module box 220V</i> Differential circuit-breaker 16A: air conditioning protection* Single-pole + neutral breaker: air conditioning compressor protection (x3)*
F	<i>Zone F - 12 V</i> Blade fuse 10A: bilge fan 100A :Differential circuit-breaker: elec. winch* Resettable circuit breaker type C 16A: electric toilet * Single-pole circuit breaker 6A: rear door cylinder protection*
G	<i>Zone G - 12V</i> Strip fuse 250A: optional stern thruster* Strip fuse 80A: generator*
H	<i>Zone H- 220 V</i> Two-pole circuit breaker: general shore protection
I	<i>Zone I- 220 V</i> Differential circuit-breaker 32A: generator*



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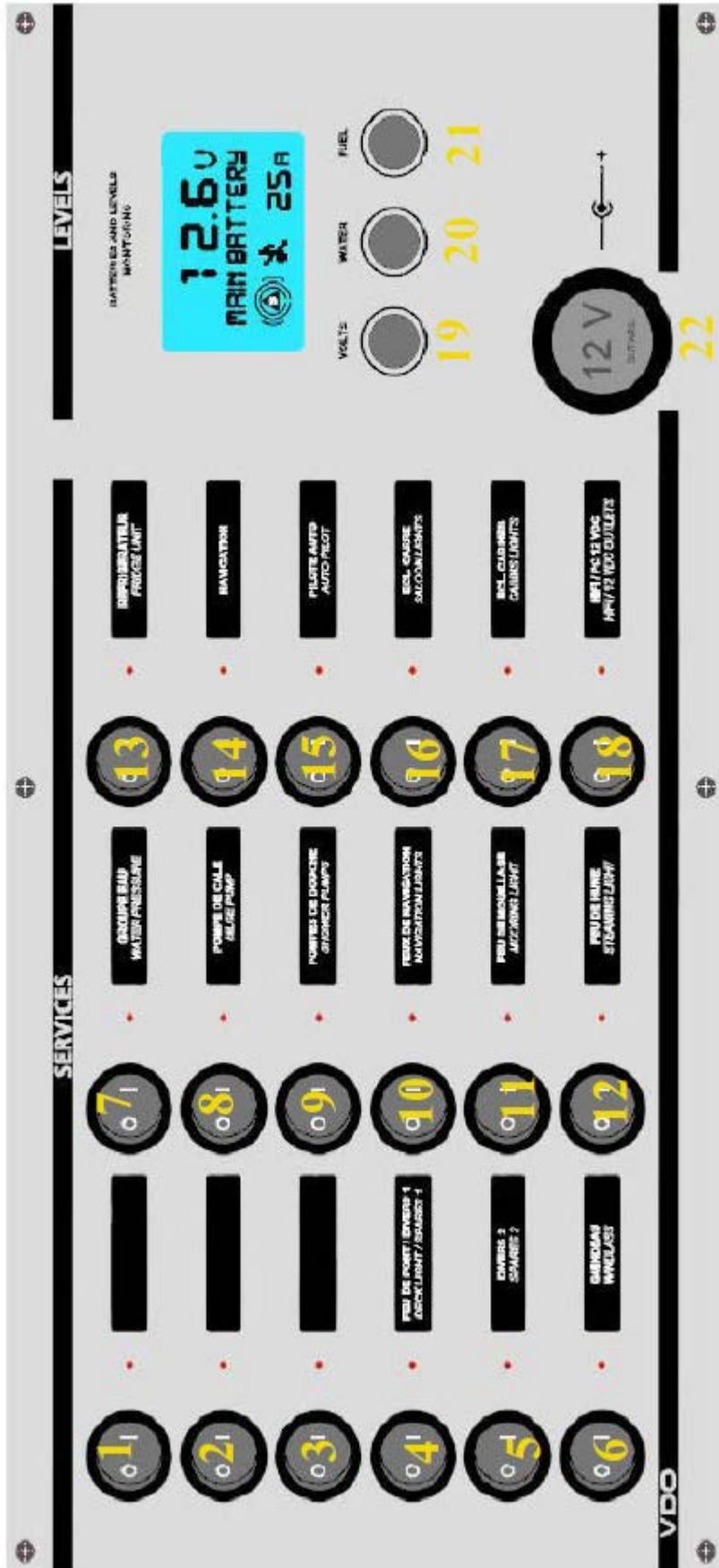
## 11. Charging and power system diagram

<i>Label</i>	<i>Description</i>
A	Windlass *
B	Windlass remote control *
C	Remote control relay *
D	8 A fuse: Engine test
E	Battery charger *
F	12 V distribution panel
G	Single-pole 150 A circuit breaker*
H	Auxiliary batteries (2 as std + 2 as option*)
I	200A fuse (auxiliary)
J	House batteries switch
K	5 A fuse*
L	Alternator
M	Distributor
N	Starter
O	Engine battery
P	Engine battery isolator
Q	Windlass relay *
R	Bilge fan relay
S	5 A fuse
T	Bilge fan
U	Inverter *
V	125A fuse: inverter*
W	Differential circuit-breaker: inverter*
X	Electrical outlet: inverter*
Y	12V relay: inverter*
Z	Ammeter shunt
B-	-ve terminal (electrical panel)
B+	+ve terminal (electrical panel)
*	Option



## 12. 12 V distribution panel diagram

<i>Label</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Protection</i>
	<i>12 V distribution panel</i>	
1	Miscellaneous 3	
2	Miscellaneous 4	
3	Miscellaneous 5	
4	Deck light	10 A
5	Miscellaneous 2	10 A
6	Windlass controls	10 A
7	Pressurized water system	10 A
8	Bilge pump	15 A
9	Shower drain pumps	10 A
10	Navigation lights	10 A
11	Mooring light	10 A
12	Steaming light	10 A
13	Fridge unit	10 A
14	Navigation instrument pack	10 A
15	Auto pilot	20 A
16	Saloon lights	15 A
17	Cabins lighting	15 A
18	HIFI / 12 V outlet	10 A
19	Voltmeter	
20	Fresh-water gauge	
21	Fuel gauge	
22	12 V outlet	10A



12

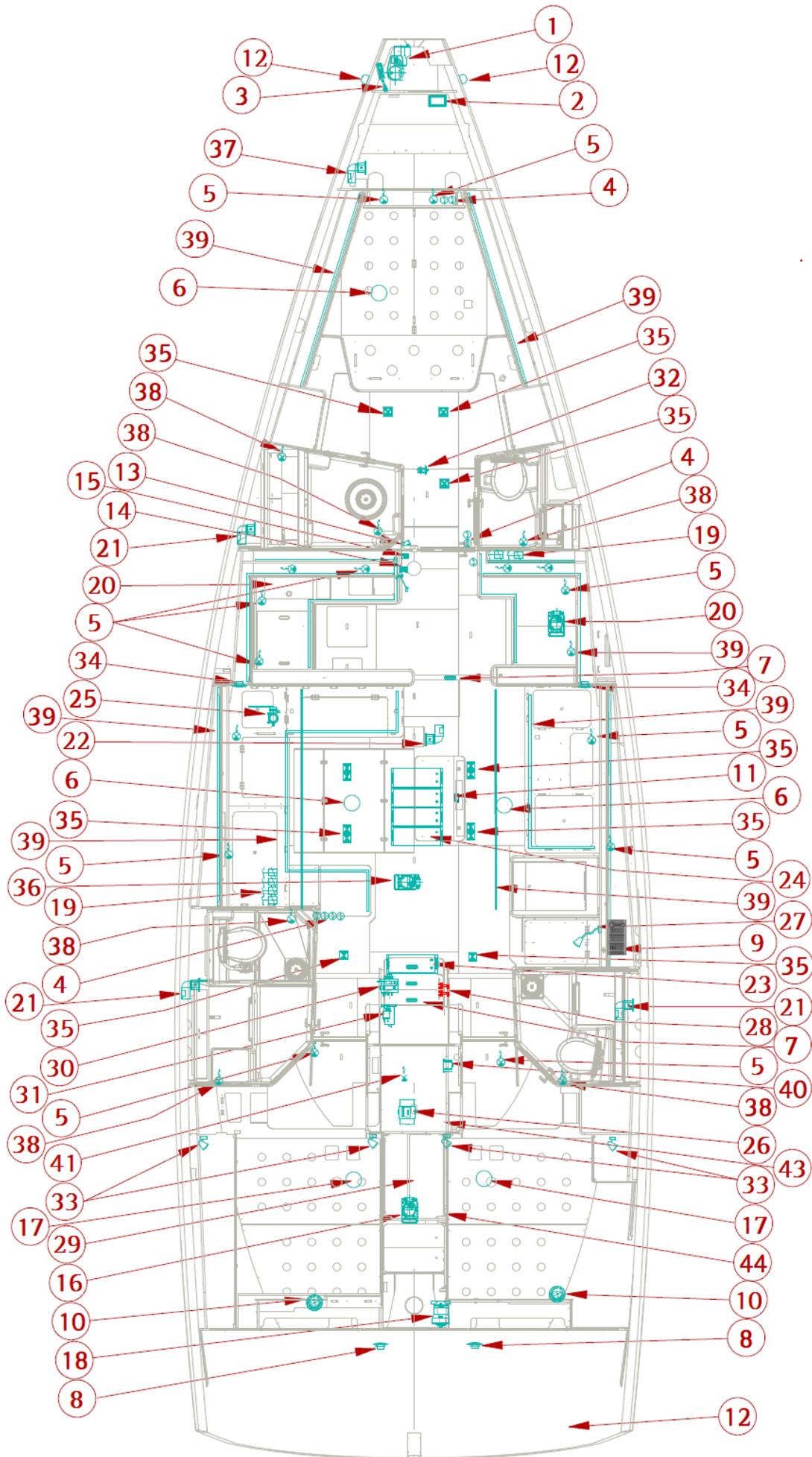
## 13. Terminal blockdiagram

<i>Label</i>	<i>Description</i>
A	A Connector
1	Pressurized water system
2/5	Battery positive
3	Fridge unit
4	Bilge pump
6	Navigation equipment**
7	Shower drain pump
8	Battery negative
9	Autopilot computer
B	B connector
1	Navigation lights
2/5	Battery positive
3	Saloon and chart table lights
4	Mooring light
6	Cabin and toilet lights
7	Steaming light
8	Battery negative
9	HIFI * / 12 V outlet
C	C Connector
6	Engine battery test – CCM
1/2/3/4	Aft watertank sensor – D2
9/10/11/12	Fore watertank sensor – D1
5	Fuel gauge sensor – G1
7/8	-ve isolator
D	D Connector
1	Deck light (supplied with mast)
2/5	Battery positive
3	Spares 5
4	Spares 2
6	Spares 4
7	Windlass control
8	Battery negative
9	Spares 3
	<i>Electrical wiring colours</i>
<i>n</i>	black
<i>r</i>	red
<i>w</i>	white
<i>o</i>	orange
<i>m</i>	brown
<i>b</i>	blue
*	Option
**	Not supplied



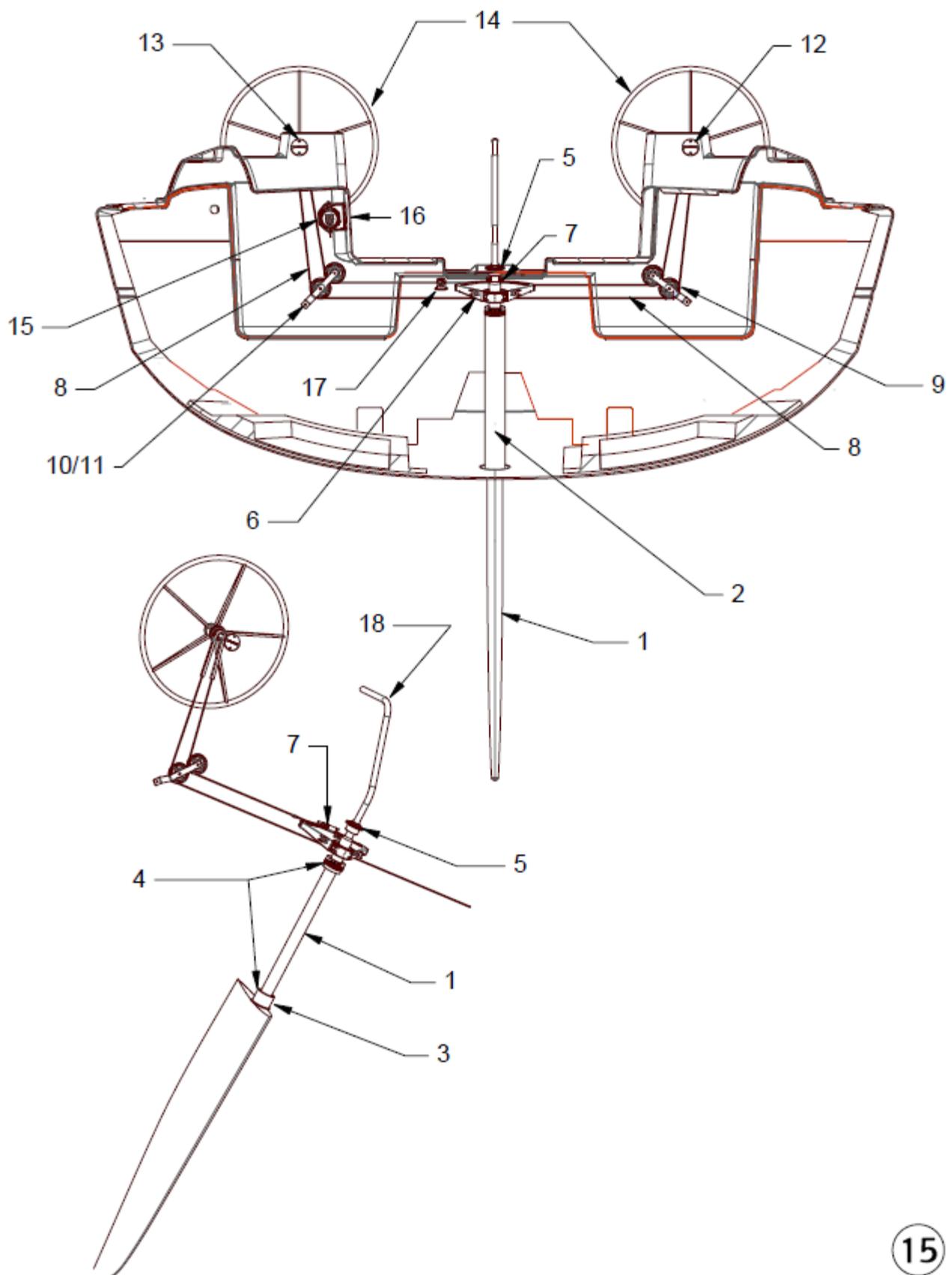
## 14. 12 V electrical installation diagram

<i>Label</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	Windlass *
2	Windlass relay *
3	Windlass remote control*
4	Button
5	Bulkhead light with switch
6	Foreward fresh-water gauge*
7	Courtesy light
8	Cockpit speaker
9	12V electric panel
10	Steering compass
11	Auxiliary fuse
12	Navigation lights (on mast)
13	Steaming light
14	Mooring light
15	Deck light
16	Cockpit table refrigeration unit*
17	Fuel gauge
18	Autopilot motor*
19	Lighting relay
20	Refrigeration unit
21	Shower waste pump
22	Electric bilge pump
23	Engine battery 140 Ah
24	140 Ah auxiliary batteries (2 + 2*)
25	Water pump unit
26	Motor fan
27	Chart table reading light
28	Engine and auxiliary battery isolator
29	Sealed 12 V outlet
30	Alternator
31	Starter
32	Speed sensor / depth sounder*
33	Reading light
34	Saloon loudspeaker
35	Saloon ceiling light w/o switch
36	Refrigeration unit freezer
37	Chain locker rinsing pump
38	Head spotlight with switch
39	Indirect lighting
40	Charge splitter
41	Engine ceiling light
*	Option



## 15. Steering system diagram

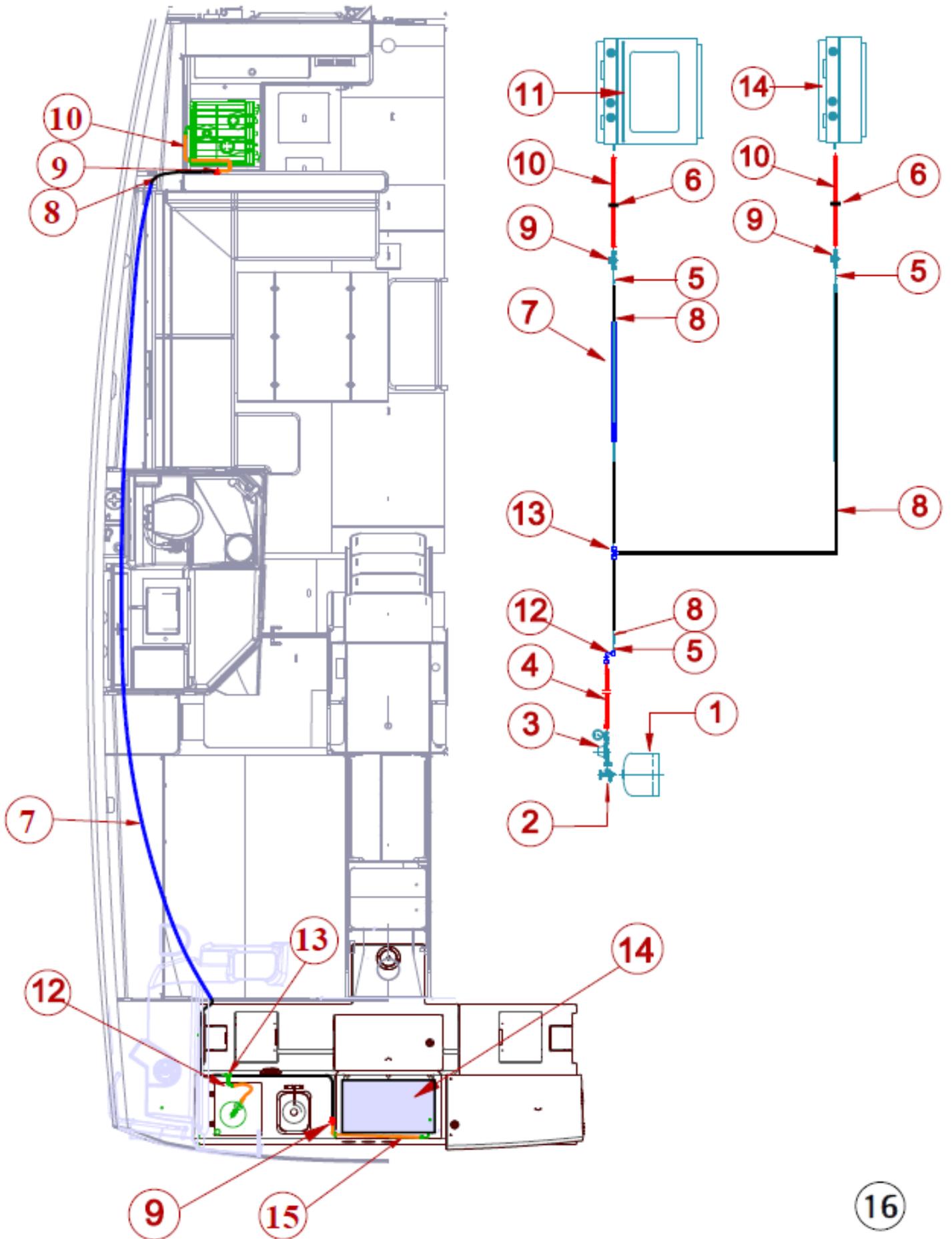
<i>Label</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	Rudder blade + stock
2	Rudder trunk
3	Lower bearing
4	Rudder bearings assembly
5	Top bearing
6	80 deg section
7	Section stop
8	Chain and rudder cable kit
9	Rudder cable sheaves
10	Spacer sheaves
11	Steering cable guide plates
12	Port bulkhead device
13	Starboard bulkhead fitting + brake
14	Steering wheel
15	Autopilot motor*
16	Bilge auto-pilot bracket*
17	Helm angle indicator*
18	Emergency tiller *
*	Option



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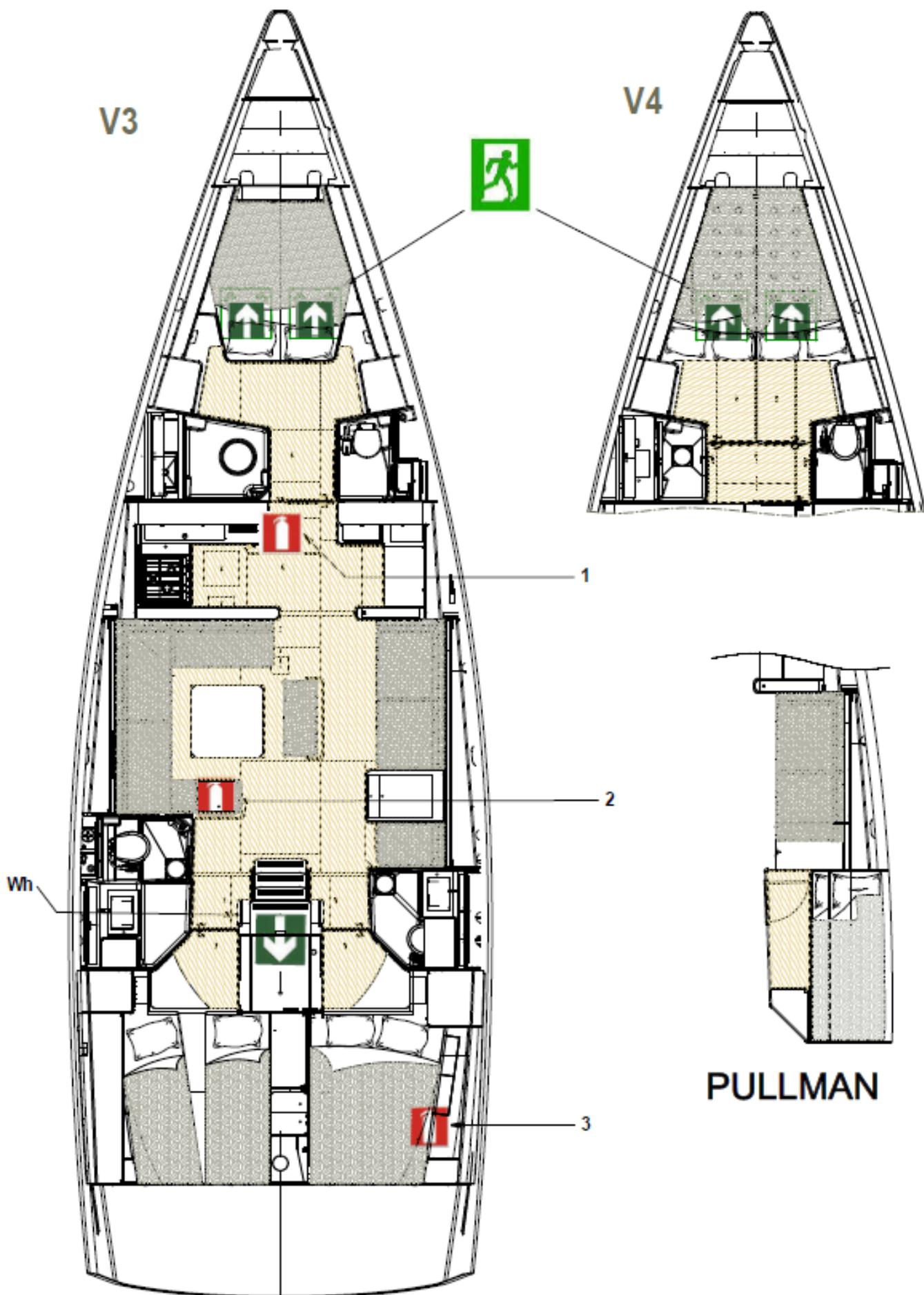
## 16. Gas system diagram

<i>Label</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	11 lbs (1.8 kg) gas cylinder **
2	CE shut-off valve (Fr. or Ger.)
3	30 mbar CE regulator (Fr. or Ger.) / Pressure gauge
4	Medium-length connecting hose
5	Spacer / tube 6 x 8
6	Watertight bulkhead fitting
7	PVC pipe
8	6x8 copper pipe
9	CE gas shut-off valve
10	Long connection hose
11	Stove / Oven
12	Bulkhead gas locker
13	T-Junction: foldaway* </cf>
14	Foldaway*
15	Plancha connection kit*
*	optional
**	Not supplied



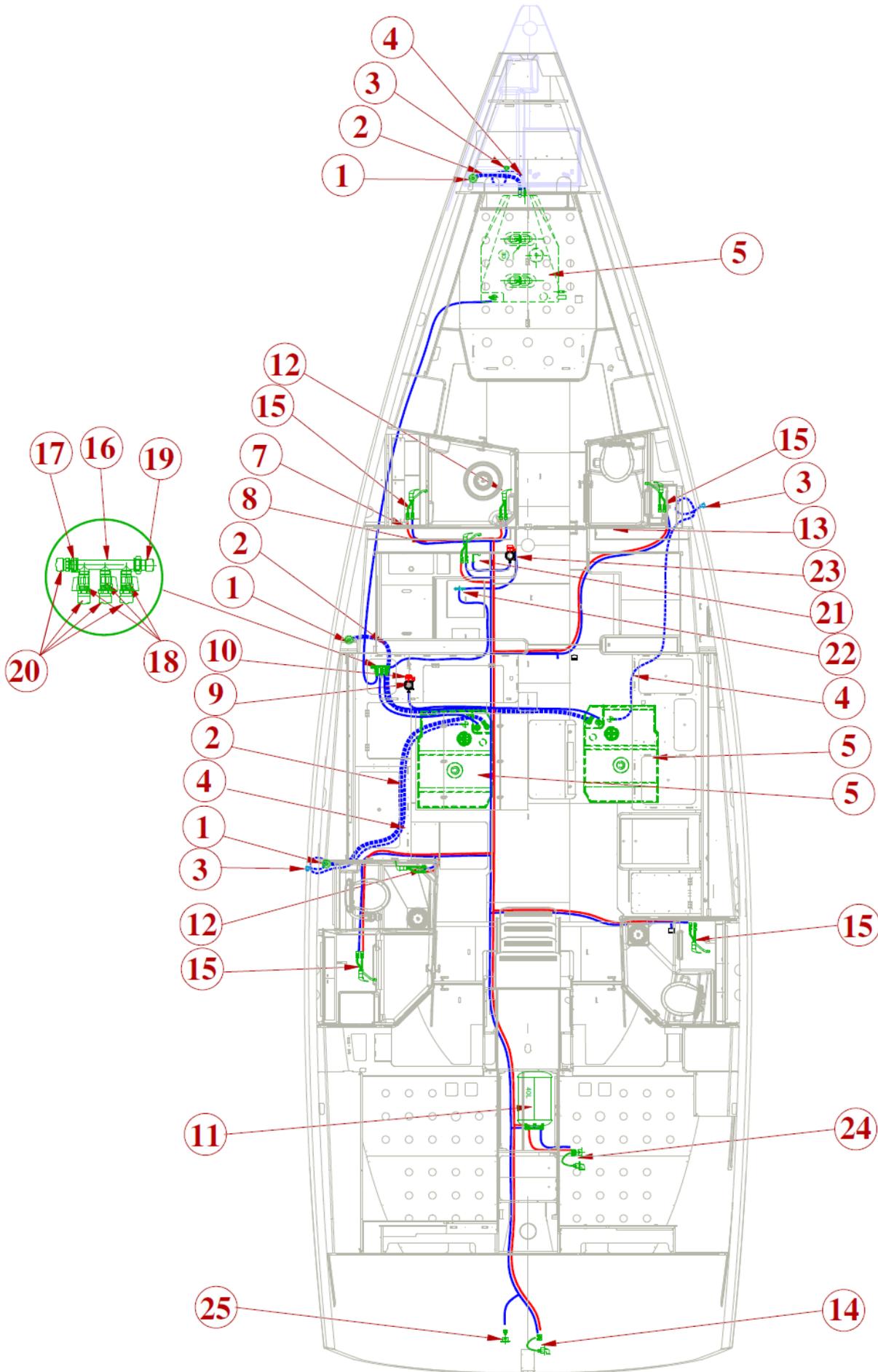
## 17. Abandon ship plan

<i>Label</i>	<i>Description</i>
	<b>Recommended fire-extinguishers locations</b>
1	Galley: 1 kg powder fire-extinguisher 5A/34B **
2	Saloon banquette: 1 kg powder fire-extinguisher 5A/34B **
3	Cockpit locker: 1 kg powder fire-extinguisher 5A/34B **
WH	Engine compartment extinguishing hole
	Emergency exit
**	<b>Not supplied</b>



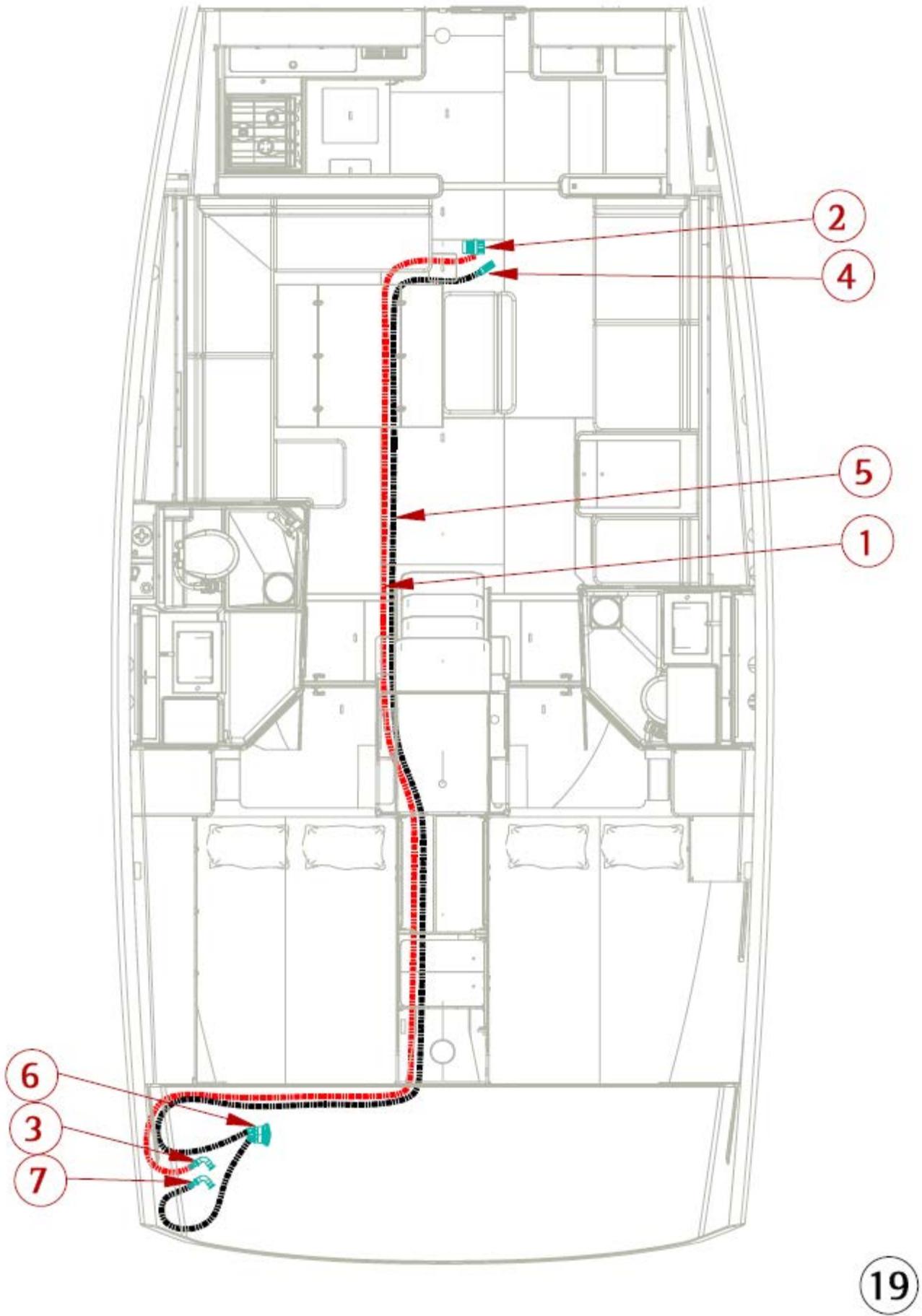
## 18. Fresh-water system diagram

<i>Label</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	Filler deck plate
2	Filler hose
3	Vent
4	Vent hose
5	Foreward water tank, 280 L
6	Saloon water tank 200L (x2)
7	Hot water pipe
8	Cold water pipe
9	Pressurized water pump unit
10	Fresh-water pump
11	Water heater
12	Head shower single-lever mixer tap
13	Galley single-lever mixer tap
14	Deck shower
15	Bathroom mixer tap
16	1/2" 3-way manifold
17	3/4"-1/2" PVC reducer
18	1/2" 1/4-turn FF seacock
19	3/4" WX F connector
20	1/2" WX M connector
21	Freshwater/saltwater pump tap*
22	3-way freshwater/saltwater valve
23	Freshwater/saltwater pump
24	Cockpit table mixer tap + shower
25	Deck water intake*
*	Option



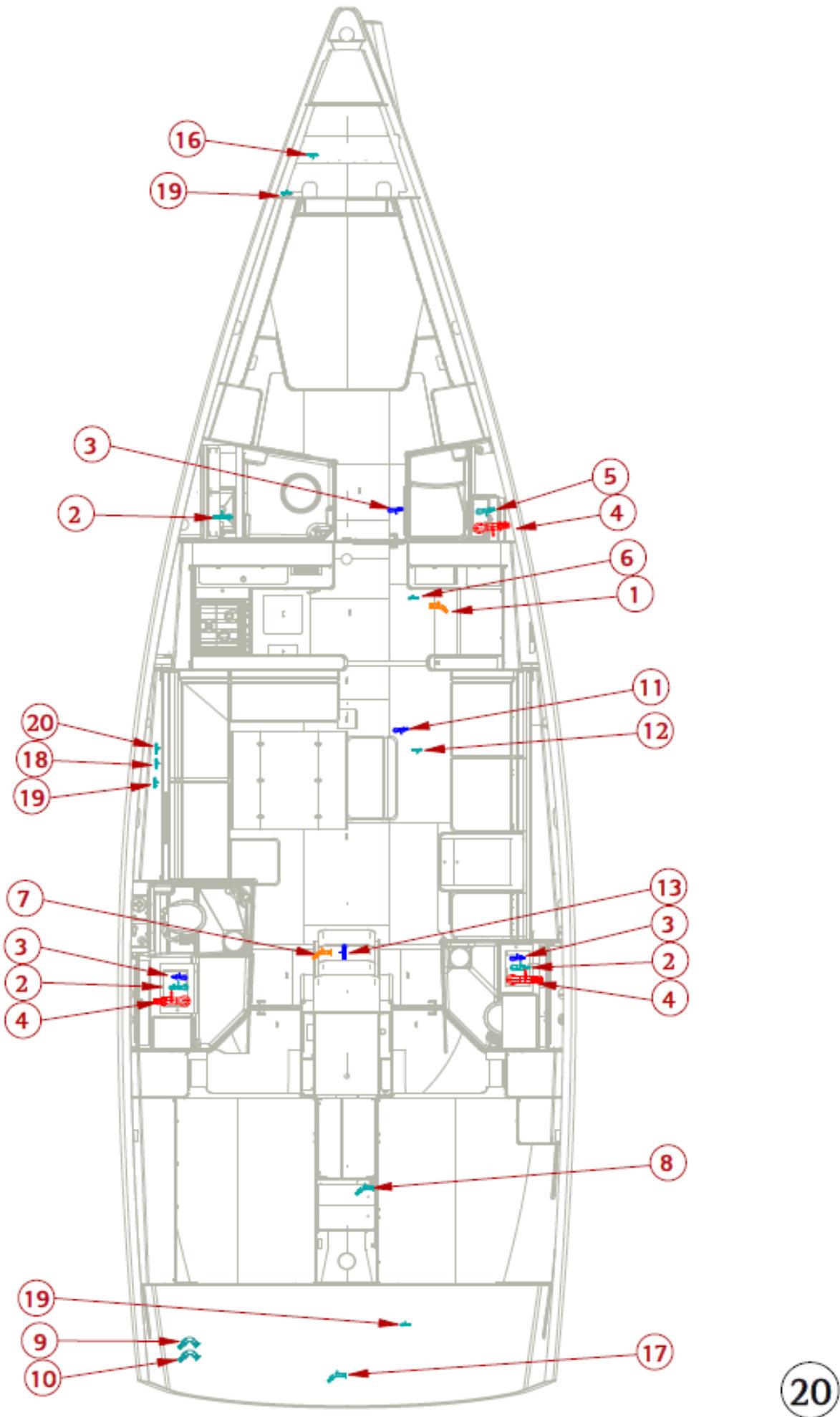
## 19. Drain system diagram

<i>Label</i>	<i>Description</i>
	<i>Electric bilge pump</i>
1	Ø25 discharge hose
2	Immersed electric bilge pump
3	Skin fitting 1"
	<i>Manual bilge pump</i>
4	Strainer with non-return valve D25
5	Ø25 discharge hose
6	Manual bilge pump
7	Skin fitting 1"



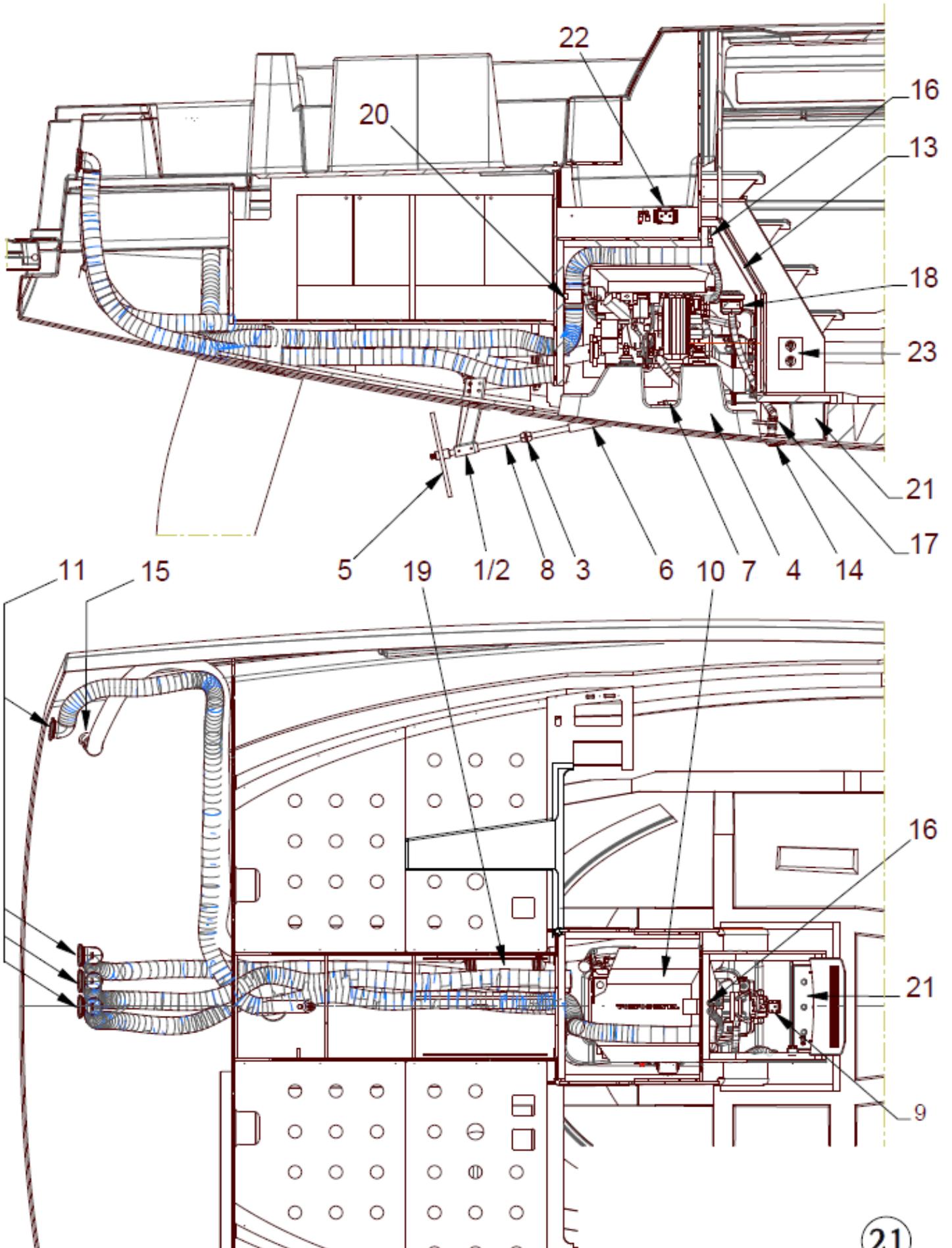
**20. Skin fitting location diagram**

<i>Label</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>∅</i>
<i>Skin-fittings + seacocks</i>		
1	Galley sink discharge	1-1/4"
2	Wash-basin / shower outlet	1"
3	Toilet sea-water intake	3/4"
5	Washbasin discharge	1"
6	Foot pump sea water intake	1/2"
7	Discharge for the far-end locker	1-1/4"
8	Discharge for the cockpit sink	1"
16	Chain locker rinsing	1/2"
17	GE discharge water separator*	1"
18	Air conditioning condensation discharge*	1/2"
19	Air-conditioning discharge* (x3)	1/2"
20	Desalinator waste	1/2"
<i>Skin-fitting</i>		
9	Electrical bilge pump discharge	1"
10	Manual bilge pump discharge	1"
<i>Strainer skin fitting*</i>		
11	Sea-water intake for air-conditioning*	
12	Raw water inlet for desalinator *	
13	Generator unit raw water inlet*	
*	Option	



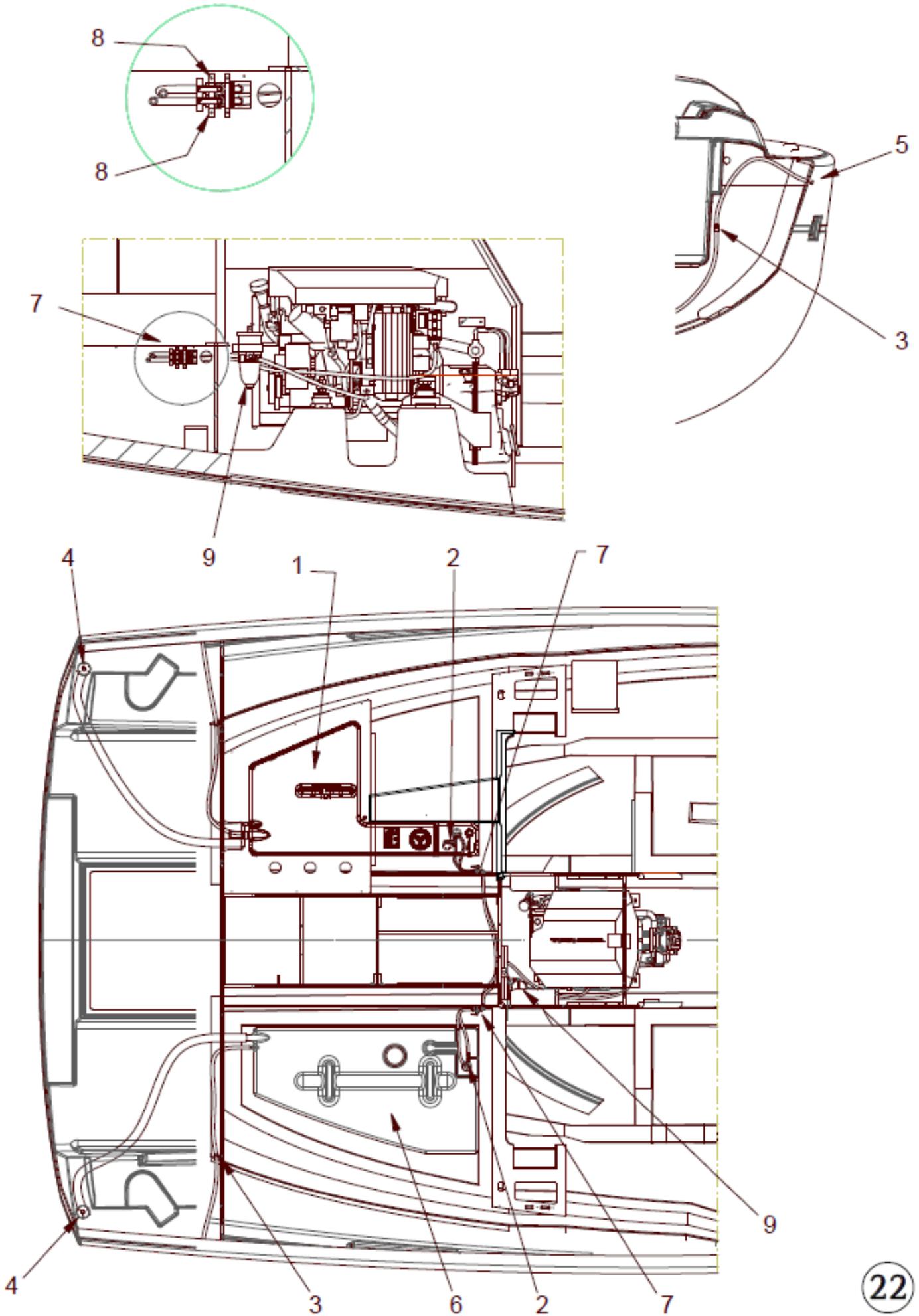
## 21. Mechanical installation diagram

<i>Label</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	Cutlass bearing
2	Water-lubricated bearing
3	Anode
4	Polyester frame
5	Propeller
6	Stern tube
7	Stern gland
8	Propeller shaft
9	Coupling flange
10	Motor + inverter
11	Ventilation grilles
12	
13	Foam insulation
14	Strainer skin fitting*
15	Exhaust outlet
16	Anti-siphon elbow
17	Water intake seacock
18	Raw water strainer
19	Waterlock silencer
20	Bilge fan
21	Engine battery
22	Charge splitter
23	Isolator



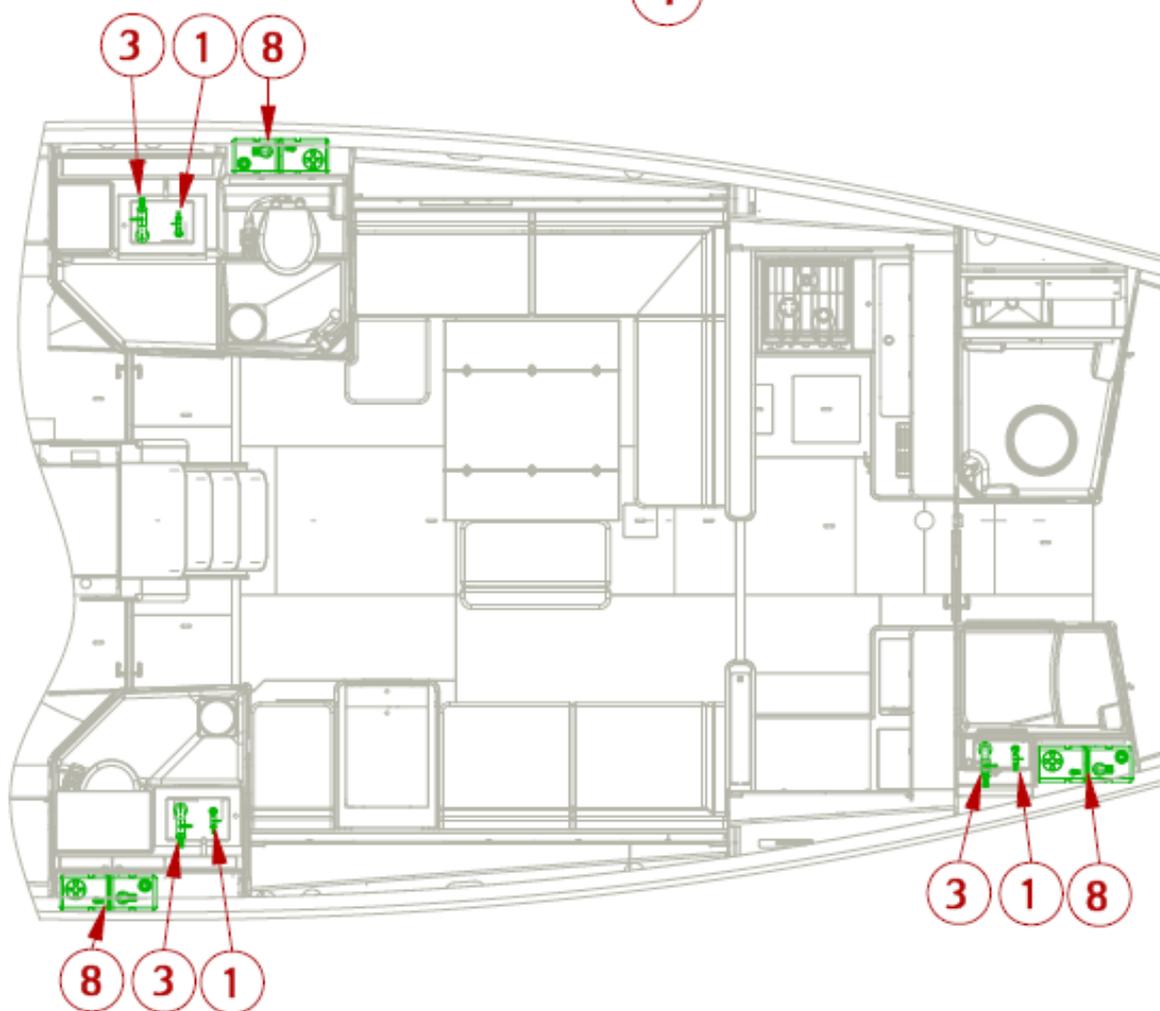
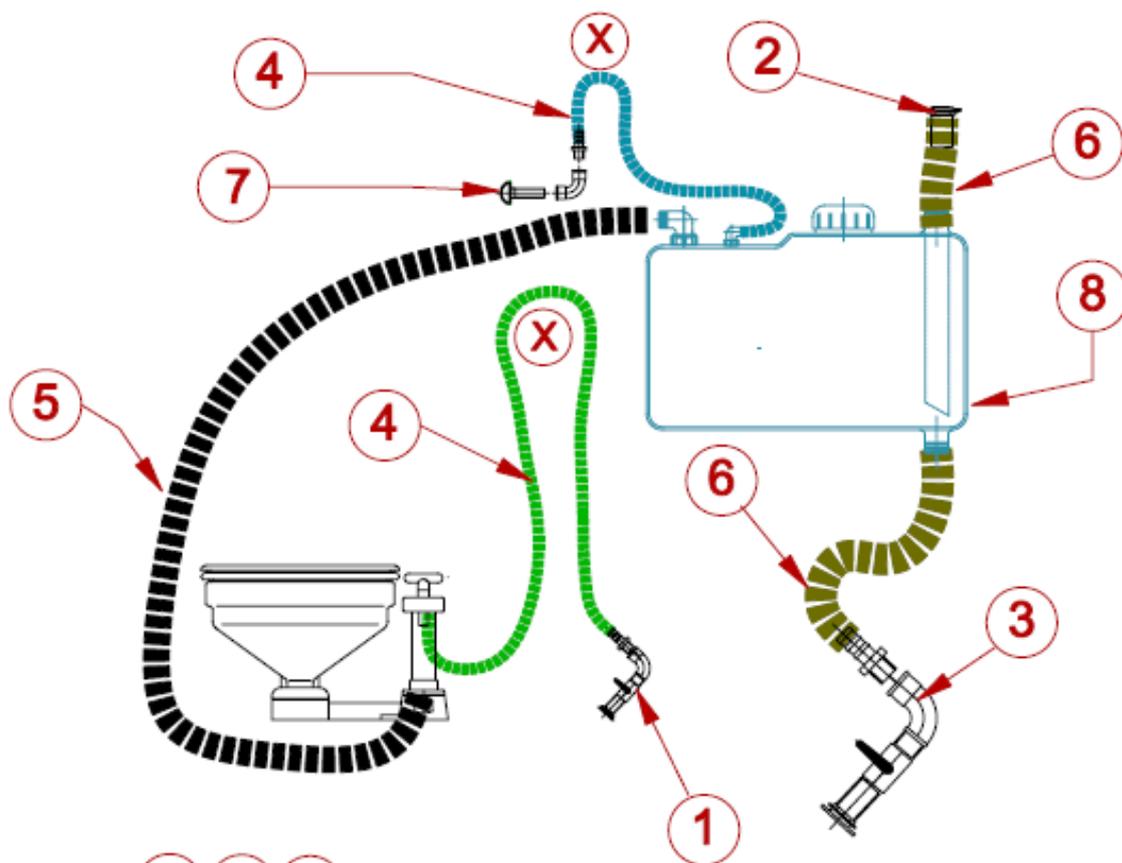
## 22. Gas system diagram

<i>Label</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	Port fuel tank
2	Fuel shut-off valve
3	Overflow vent
4	Fuel deck plate
5	Tank vent
6	Starboard fuel tank
7	Coupling valves / select port / starboard
8	Fast-closing valves
9	Fuel pre-filter



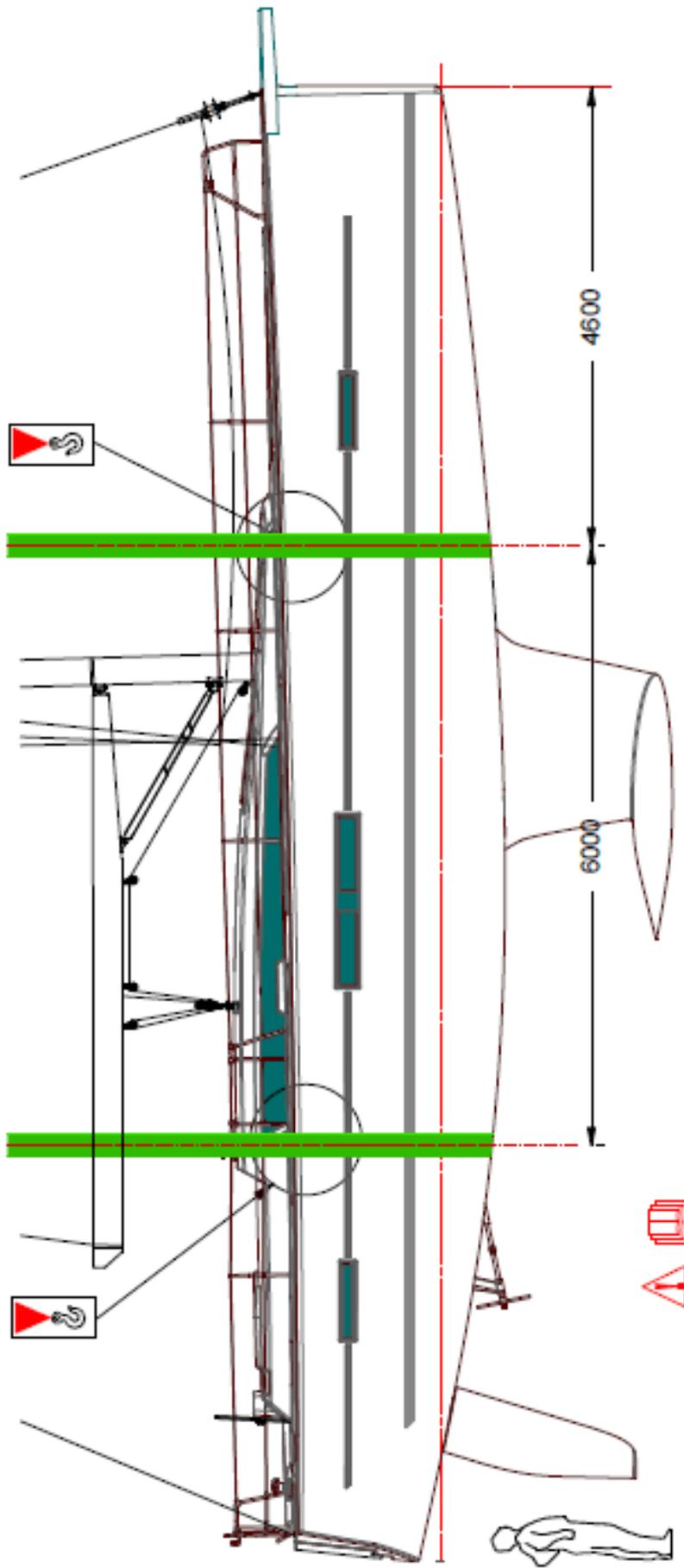
## 23. Holding tank installation diagram

<i>Label</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	Skin fitting & seacock, 3/4"
2	Waste deck plate 50 mm Ø
3	Skin fittings & 1-1/2" seacock
4	20 mm Ø hose
5	38 mm Ø anti-odour hose
6	51 D anti-odor hose
7	3/4" chromed brass vent
8	Holding Tank, 50 L
X	U-bend



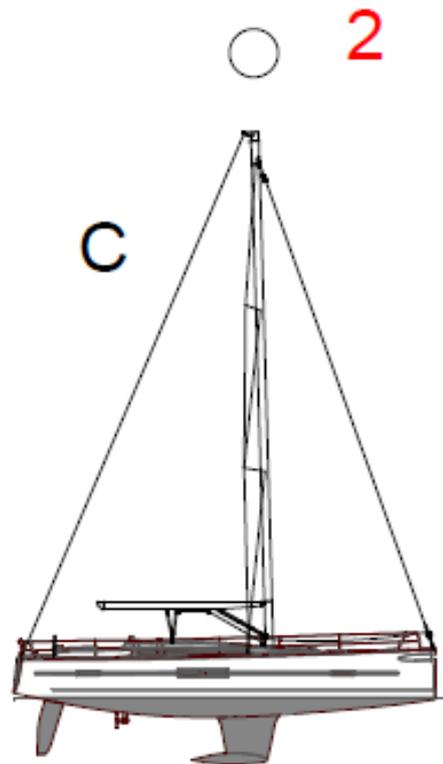
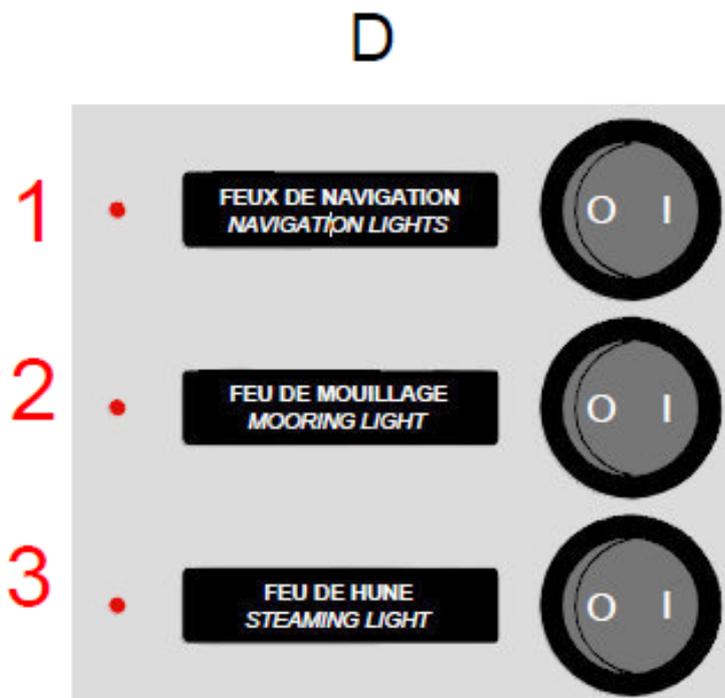
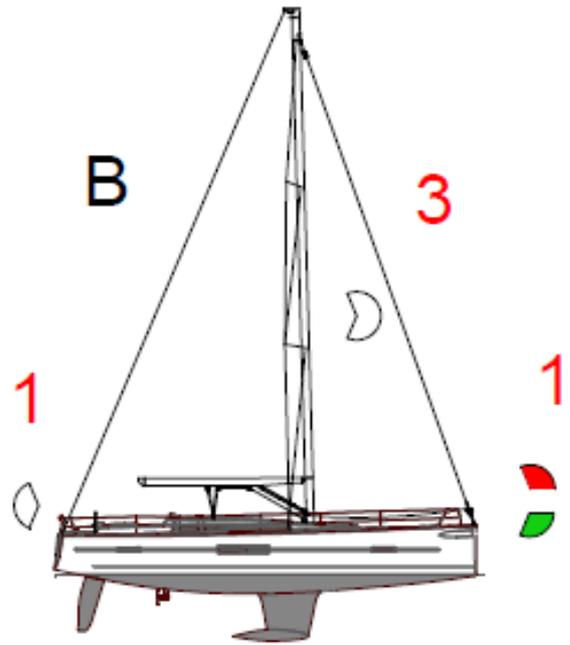
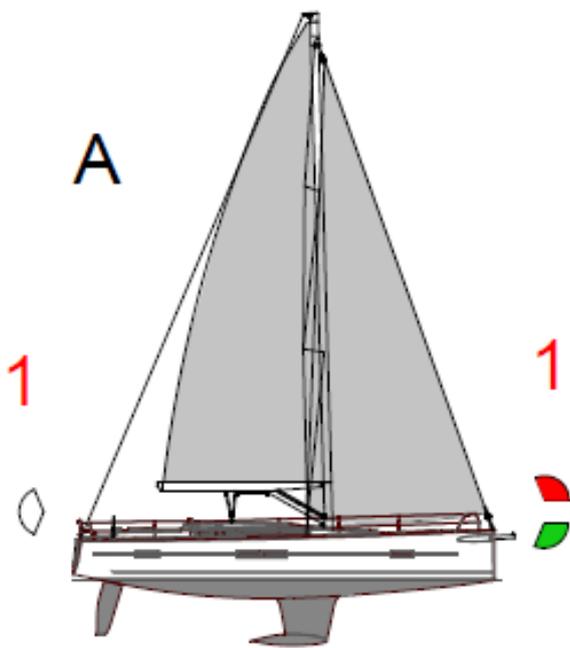
## 24. Lifting diagram

<i>Label</i>	<i>Description</i>
	See red triangular marker under deck-line  Light displacement: 15,245 kg Midship beam: 4.78 m Standard Draught: 2.30 m



## 25. Navigation light

<i>Label</i>	<i>Description</i>	
A	Navigation with sails	
B	Navigation with engine	
C	Mooring	
D	12V electric panel	
1	LED navigation lights	2 Nm
2	Mooring light	2 Nm
3	Steaming light	3 Nm





## NOTES